THE BEAVER ARGUS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

Is published every Wednesday in the old Argus building on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at $2 per year in advance.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to,

J. WEYAND, Beaver, Pa.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JAMES CAMERON, Attorney at Law, Beaver, Pa. Office on 3d st., in the rooms formerly occupied by the late Judge Cunningham. All business entrusted to him will receive *prompt* and *careful* attention. jan21:ly

JOHN B. JOUNG, Attorney at Law. Office and residence on Third st., east of the Court House. Business promptly attended to. apr5:ly

T. H. McCREERY, Attorney at Law. Office on Third st., below the Court House. All business promptly attended to. jan2, '71:ly

MRS. F. D. FAST, dealer in Millinery, Trimmings, Fancy Goods, &c., on the corner of Third and Seminary streets. jul4'71:ly

S. C. COYLE, practical Watchmaker and Jeweler, on Third street, Beaver, Pa., (nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store. apr19,'71:ly

E. P. KERN, Attorney at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar30,'70:ly

DR. J. S. McNUTT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention paid to treatment of Female Diseases. Residence and office on Third street, a few doors we t of the Court House. apr19'71:ly

JOHN MOORE, *Druggist* and dealer in paints, Oils, pure medical Wines and Liquors, Glassware, Lamps and Fancy Goods; Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. sep28:ly

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters: Main st. [sep28:ly

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen, Druggist & Apothecary. Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep28:ly

S. J. ANDERSON, Dealer in the improved Wilson Shuttle sewing Machine, Main st. See card in another column. sep28:ly

BEACOM Mrs E. H., Dealer in Millinery Goods & Trimmings; Third st., Beaver. apr28,1y

JAMES MOORE, Grocery & Restaurant Choice Teas, Best Coffees, Tobacco and Cigars, Confectionery and Vegetables. Main st. sep28:ly

O. R. ASSHUTZ, Dealer in Tinware, Stoves, Grates, &c. West end 3d st. sep28:ly

T. W. DEVORE, Insurance agent, Beaver, Pa. Call and get your property insured. oct6:ly

PITTSBURGH.

J. MORGANSTERN, Dealer in Boots & Shoes, No. 86 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, opposite Post Office. Publishers of the "Real Estate Register," sent free. Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

J. HENDERSON & BROS., Wholesale Druggists, No. 306 Liberty St. Pittsburgh. sep14:ly

J. D RAMALEY'S HAT PARLOR, 22 Fifth Avenue, (near Market St.) Pittsburgh. [sep14,ly

A. CLARKE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 119 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

JOSEPH HORNE & CO., 77 & 79 Market St., Pittsburgh—Importers and dealers in Notions, Trimmings, Hosiery, White Goods, &c. [sep14:ly

REYMER & BROTHERS, French and American Confectioners. Dealers in nuts, fruits, &c. 128, 130 Wood St. Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

T. MOORE, Dealer in choice teas, Coffees & Family Groceries. No 20 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14:ly

JOHN BIGGERT & SON, Dealers in the New Wheed Family Sewing Machines. 116 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14:ly

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., Dealers in Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c. Special rates to Clergy. 72 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14,ly

T. P. SHERWOOD & J. M. ROBERTS, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silver ware. No 72 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14,ly

W. A. LYONS, House and Sign Painter, writes to order Show Cards for every business. No. 7 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep21,ly

T. C. FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Furniture and Chairs.—Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. 45 Smithfield st. oct5:ly

ALLEGHENY CITY.

DR. J. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician, Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, 147 Washington avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. [sep14:ly

NEW BRIGHTON.

TMSTEAD & WISNER, Dealers in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters, near Stemon's Confectionery, Broadway. jan21:ly

MRS. C. YOUNG & MRS. TMSTEAD Dealers in Notions, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Dress making. Cor. Apple & Broadway. jan21:ly

BON TON RESTAURANT and EATING SALOON, meals at all hours, table supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Prices low. Wm. Strickland, cor. of Paul and Broadway. my24'71:ly

PROSPECT MOUNT NURSERIES.—Evergreens and small Fruits. Three miles East of New Brighton. (mr2:y E. THOMAS

DRUGS—GILLILAND & KERR, Druggists and Apothecaries, cor. Broadway and Falls sts. New Brighton, Pa (Successors to B. Noss.) febz2:ly

GEO. F. SIEMON, Bakery & Confectionery, 6 R R street. Special attention given to weddings and balls. (sep14,ly

S. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors, Broadway, New Brighton. See adv [sep14:ly

A. M. WHISLER, Dentist. Broadway, New Brighton. [sep14:ly

H. NOSS, Photographer. Willson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from restored negatives. (sep14:ly

WINTER & BEDISON, Jewelers and Tobacconists, Broadway, N. Brighton. [sep14:ly

J. HORTTER, Groceries, Queensware and Household Goods. Broadway. 7 sep14:ly

IVAN PUGH, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Books, Stationery & Notions, Broadway, New Brighton, Pa. [sep21,ly

SCHIFF & STEINFELD, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods & Notions; Merchant Tailors & Cashiers, Broadway. oct12:ly

BEAVER FALLS.

W. W. DUNKLE, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Special attention paid to manufactory of Fine Calf Boots of latest style. sep28:ly

WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Dealer in Improved Howe Sewing Machines. Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

MRS. E. KING.—Dry Goods, Queensware and Millinery, corner of Main and Baker streets, Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

KENDALL & TANNEY, Artists & Fresco Painters; also, House and Sign Painters, Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

A. FLEMING, Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description, at low prices, and of a superior quality. Main St. Beaver Falls Pa. jan18:ly

BRIDGEWATER.

J. C. MOLTER, dealer in COAL of all kinds. Bank at McKinley's Run. aug9'71:ly

MRS. HART DARRAGH, Saxon, Portrait and Photograph Painter. Work promptly executed at reasonable rates. mr22tf

GEORGE HRIDEGGER, House and Sign Painter, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. apr19'71:ly

A. BREHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. apr28'71:ly

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but experienced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st. Bridgewater, Pa. feb25'71:ly

JAMES PORTER, Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware, and Iron Cistern Pumps. Bridge st. Bridgewater. sep14:ly

C. BLATTNER, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14:ly

C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Trimmings. Bridge St., Bridgewater. sep14:ly

J. B. DOHERTY, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge Street, Bridgewater. sep14:ly

J. HANAUER, Millinery, Trimmings & Notions. —Bridge st., Bridgewater. sep14:ly

C. F. WEINMAN, Manufacture of Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater. (sep14,ly

MRS. BRUEN, Gentlemen's Clothing cleansed and pressed. Water St. above Bridge. (sep14:ly

JOHN WOODRUFF, Marble Cutter; Monuments & Tombstones of all descriptions made to order. Bt Market and Water streets. (sep14:ly

J. STILES & CO. Groceries, Queensware, Wines, Flour, Feed & Country Produce. Fountain's corner, Bridge St. Bridgewater. sep21,ly

HIRAM MEANOR, Dealer in Monongahela Coal. Orders left at B. Clark's, in Beaver, and at Smith's Drug Store, in Bridgewater, will be promptly attended to. Cash on delivery. Lowest rates. Yard—McDonald's Point sep28:ly

ROCHESTER.

J. W. HANKINS—Dealer in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters, and agents for Singer's Sewing machines, New York and B. R Sts. Rochester. (feb22:ly

SIGMUND GROTZ, Gunsmith. New work of the best material, made to order. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done. Prices Low. Main st. Rochester. Pa jan18,ly

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. (sep14,ly

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds. Brighton st. above 6th Factory. See adv't (sep14,ly

JOHN KARCHER, Baker and Confectioner.—Water st., Rochester, Pa (sep14,ly

INGRAHAM BOYD, Wagon & Carriage Maker, Rochester st., Rochester, Pa (sep14:ly

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14,ly

SEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain. Four stores, Iron & Nails, Cor. Water & James sts.

G. FREDERICK, Baker and Confectioner.—Wedding Cakes and Ice Cream furnished promptly. On Diamond, Rochester. (sep14:ly

FOR SALE by A. SILVERMAN, Headquarters for Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Notions, Hemmings and Fancy Goods generally, Water street Rochester, Pa (sep14:ly

M. MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c. Dealers in Lumber Lath &c. Rochester. [sep21:ly

SCOTT, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Lickins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber Lath & Shingles, Rochester sep28:ly

POWER'S LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, between R. R station and Ohio river. oct12:ly

SCHROPP CHAS., Manufacturer of and dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Roofing, Spouting, &c., attended to. N. York st., oct19:ly

STEFFLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good rates. Near R. R. Depot. oct19:ly

D. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Shop on the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct19:ly

J. WALTER & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring wagons, Sleighs &c. Blacksmithing and horse-shoeing done in the best manner. Rochester, Pa. no16:y

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

JAKE SHENKEL.—A general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, Stoneware, Canned Fruits &c Cor. 3d & Broadway. mar8:ly

JOSIAH THOMPSON & CO.—Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots Shoes, Hats & Caps, Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Queensware, Glassware, &c., cor Broadway & Cook sts. E. Liverpool. (mr8:ly

M. S. HILL & CO. Druggist, Broadway, near R. R. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. feb31:ly

Miscellaneous.

CHURCHES! BANKS!

DECORATIVE PANELS IN

WALL PAPER.

Specimen panels now on exhibition for churches and banks. New mouldings, arches, columns and centres.

ENTIRELY NEW, AND AT

Greatly Reduced Prices.

DE ZOUCHE & CO.,

110 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Near Fifth Avenue.

Church and Bank Blinds made to Order.

(y5-3m

Instant Relief For

The Asthma.

Having been afflicted with that terrible complaint—completely unfitting me for business for weeks at a time—for the last twelve years, and at last found a remedy that gives

Instant and Complete Relief,

have concluded to have it prepared for sale, so that others similarly afflicted can receive the benefit of it, assuring them that

It will do all, and more than all promised for it;

and, that persons once using, will never be without it.

As numerous others who have used it can testify.

Can be had at the Drug Store of WILLIAM H. BURCHLING, Rochester, Pa., or will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of one dollar, and ten cents to pay postage. CHAS. B. HURST, nov16,'71:ly Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

B. S. RANGER,

Bridge Street,

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS.

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woollen blankets,
White and Colored and
Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Cobergs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woollen Shawls

Brown and Black Muslins,
Drillings, Tickings,
Prints,
Canton
Flannels,
Jooconets,
Table Linen,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves
& Mits.

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 3, 4 and 5 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, a great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powder and Fuse.

Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

B. S. RANGER.

dec23'68:ly.—1y7chgd.

MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

Successors to

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

No. 42 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,

And dealers in

FINE JEWELRY,

WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVER PLATED WARE.

Agency for all the best makes of

AMERICAN WATCHES.

SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

Special attention paid to the repairing and adjusting of

FINE WATCHES.

oct5:'70-1y.

STRUNZ & WETZEL, the only manufacturers of Genuine Wax Soap, No 8 to 16 Bingham street, Birmingham, Allegheny county, Pa. jy5-1f

LOOK HERE.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for Spring and Summer wear, which he offers at very moderate rates.

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Clothing made to order on the shortest notice. Thankful to the public for past favors, I hope by close attention to business to merit a continuance of the same

DANIEL MILLER, *PA.*
BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER.
mar 24 71

Brighton Paper Mills,

BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,

MANNILLA,

ROOFING, BAILING,

Hardware, Glass, Straw.

RAG AND CARPET

PAPERS.

MANUFACTURED

And Sold At

Wholesale & Retail by

Frazier, Metzger & Co.,

82 Third Avenue,

PITTSBURGH.

Rags taken in exchange [sep19,'68:y

WILLIAM MILLER, - - - - - JACOB TRAX,

PLANING MILL.

MILLER & TRAX,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Dressed Lumber,

SASH, DOORS, SHUTTERS, SIDING, FLOORING, MOULDINGS, &c.

Scroll Sawing and Turning

DONE TO ORDER,

ORDERS BY MAIL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED, AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Mill Opposite the Railroad Station,

ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

april 19 '71: 1y

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after May 22th, 1871, trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows.—[Train leaving Chicago at 5.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 8.00 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Pittsburgh	12[illegible]AM	1055AM	710AM	300PM
Rochester	342	1205PM	845	408 "
Salem	455	800	1145	655
Alliance				
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	628	442	155PM	833
Wooster				
Mansfield	928	640	422	1031
Crestline { A	855	710	500	1100
Crestline { D	920	745	555AM	1130
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	1037	929	737	1204AM
Lima	1133	1060	850	255
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	145PM	1[illegible]5AM	2140	600
Columbia				
Warsaw				
Plymouth	332	345	235PM	835
Valparaiso				
Chicago	630	720	600	1210PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Chicago	930AM	535PM	550AM	930PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	1153	906	945	1230AM
Warsaw				
Columbia				
Fort Wayne	215PM	1130	1240PM	315
Van Wert				
Lima	358	137AM	307 "	515
Forest	458	250	427	635
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline { A	615	430	640	800
Crestline { D	625	430	1245	855
Mansfield	705	500	123	928
Wooster				
Orrville	900	657	345	1142
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	1025	850	450	1435PM
Salem				
Rochester	1227AM	1105	825	423
Pittsburgh	125	1[illegible]5PM	935	600

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 8.10 p. m; New Castle, 8.55 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 3.15 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7.00 a. m; arr. at New Castle, 9.30 a. m. Youngstown, 10.20. a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6.30 a. m; New Castle, 1.20 a. m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 10.10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2.00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 6.45 p. m.

P. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after May 28th 1871, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM	
Cleveland	840AM	420PM	430PM	
Euclid Street				
Hudson	1000	533 "	550	
Ravenna	1030	602	623	
Alliance	1130	652	710	
Bayard	120PM	703		
Wellsville	35	820		

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM	
Wellsville	900AM	308PM		
Bayard	1035	428		
Alliance	1135	510	725AM	
Ravenna	1220PM	558	815	
Hudson	1253	617	855	
Euclid Street				
Cleveland	250	720	1010	

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXP'S	ACCOM
Bellair	450AM	1110AM	555PM	
Bridgeport	500	1125	605	
Steubenville	605	1225PM	710	
Wellsville	720	155	840	
Smith's Ferry				
Beaver				
Rochester	830	255	935	
Pittsburgh	940	400	1040	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	630AM	110PM	455PM	
Rochester	740	210	605	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	855	315	745	
Steubenville	955	410	900	
Bridgeport	1057	506	958	
Bellair	1110	518	1010	

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves.	Arrives.
N. Philadelphia 6.40a. m.	Bayard 9.45 a. m.
Bayard 12.10 p. m.	N Philadelphia 3.00 p.m.

P. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Miscellaneous.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN,

And Published in a Sealed Envelope, Price, 6 cts.

A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness,

Or Spermatorrhœa, or Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally: Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c. by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without the dangerous and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. *This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*

Sent, under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers. **CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,**

127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box, 4,586.

apr5-1ychdly5.

M. MILLER, ... W. DOLBY, ... J. T. MARKS.

M. MILLER & CO.,

Contractors and Builders;

PLANING - MILL

AND

LUMBER-YARD.

Doors. Sash

AND SHINGLES

Constantly on hands, and made to order.

Rochester, Pa.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Mar8,'71—1y

J. J. ANDERSON, having taken hold of his old Foundry again, in Rochester, Pa., will be pleased to meet his old customers and friends who may want either the BEST COOKING STOVE, Heating Stove, or any other kind of Castings of best material and workmanship. The business will be conducted by

jes'67] J. J. ANDERSON & SONS.

Administrator's Notice.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Alexander Brown, deceased, late of Economy township, Beaver county, Pa., this is to notify all persons indebted to said estate that immediate payment is expected; and all persons having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

jy19,6t*] J. BOYD BROWN, *Adm'r.*

J. MOORE

DRUGGIST

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal

WINES AND LIQUORS;

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;

GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES &

PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec7, '70tf.

Medicinal.

ONE MILLION OF LIVES SAVED.

It is one of the remarkable facts of this remarkable age, not merely that so many persons are the victims of dyspepsia or indigestion, but its willing victims. Now, we would not be understood to say that any one regards dyspepsia with favor, or feels disposed to rank it among the luxuries of life. Far from it. Those who have experienced its torments would scout such an idea. All dread it, and would gladly dispense with its unpleasant familliarities. Mark Tapley, who was jolly under all the trying circumstances in which he was placed, never had an attack of dyspepsia, or his jolity would have speedily forsaken him. Men and women sometimes suffer its tortures uncomplainingly, but whoever heard of a person who enjoyed them?

Of all the multifarious diseases to which the human system is liable, there is perhaps no one so generally prevalent as dyspepsia. There are diseases more acute and painful, and which more frequently prove fatal; but none, the effects of which are so depressing to the mind and so positively distressing to the body. If there is a wretched being in the world it is

A CONFIRMED DYSPEPTIC.

But it is not our intention to discant on the horrors of Dyspepsia. To describe them truthfully is simply an impossibility, but it is not possible to point out a remedy. We have said that dyspepsia is perhaps the most universal of human diseases. This is emphatically the case in the United States. Whether this general prevalence is due to the charachter of the food, the method of its preparation, or the hasty manner in which it is usually swallowed, is not our province to explain. The great fact with which we are called to deal is this:

DYSPEPSIA PREVAILS

almost universally.

Nearly every other person you meet is a victim, an apparently willing one; for were this not the case, why so many sufferers, when a certain, speedy and safe remedy is within the easy reach of all who desire to expel themselves of it? But the majority will not. Blinded by prejudice, or deterred by some other unexplained influence, they refuse to accept the relief proffered them. They turn a deaf ear to the testimony of the thousands whose sufferings have been alleviated, and with strange infatuation, appear to cling with desperate determination to their ruthless tormentor. But says a dyspeptic: What is this remedy to which we reply. This great alleviator of human suffering is almost as widely known as the English language. It has allayed the agonies of thousands, and is to day carrying comfort and encouragement to thousands of others. The acknowledged panacea is none other than

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Would you know more of the merits of this wonderful medicine than be can learned from the experience of others? Try it yourself, and when it has failed to fulfil the assurance of its efficacy given by the proprietor, than abandon faith in it.

LET IT BE REMEMBERED,

first of all, that HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS is not a rum beverage.

They are not alcoholic in any sense of the terpa. They are composed wholly of the pure juice or vital principle of roots. This is not a mere assertion. The extracts from which they are compounded are prepared by one of the ablest of German chemists. Unlike any other Bitters in the market, they are wholly free from spirituous ingredients. The objections which hold with so much force against preparations of this class, namely: that a desire of intoxicating drinks is stimulated by their use, are not valid in the case of the German Bitters. So far from encouraging or inculcating a taste or desire for inebriating beverages, it may be confidentially asserted that there tendency is in a diramet rically opposite direction. Their effects can be

BENEFICIAL ONLY

in all cases of biliary system. Hoofland's German Bitters stand without an equal, acting promptly and specifically on the Liver, they remove the torpidity and cause healthful secretion of bile—thereby supplying the stomach with the most indispensible elements of sound digestion in proper proportions. They give tone to the stomach—stimulating its functions, and enabling it to perform its duties in a manner that it would do. They impart vigor and strength to the entire system, causing the patient to feel like another being—in fact giving him a new lease of life.

THEY PURIFY THE BLOOD,

cleansing the vital fluid of all hurtful impurities and replenishing them with the elements of healthfulness. In a word, there is scarcely a disease in which they cannot be safely and beneficially employed, in which they must generally prevalent disease, Dyspepsia.

THEY STAND UNRIVALLED.

Now, there are certain classes of persons to whom extreme Bitters are not only unpalitable, but who find it impossible to take them without positive discomfort. For such

Dr. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

has been specially prepared. It is intended for use where a slight alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the well-known tonic properties of the pure German Bitters. This Tonic contains all the ingredients of the Bitters, but so flavored as to remove the extreme bitterness. This preparation is not only palatable, but combines in modified form all the virtues of the German Bitters. The solid extracts of some of Nature's choicest restoratives are held in solution by a spirituous agent of the purest quality. In cases of languor or extreme debility, where the system appears to have become exhausted of its energies,

HOOFLAND'S TONIC

acts with almost marvelous effect. It not only stimulates the flagging and wasting energies, but infuses a healthful permanent invigorates its action upon the Liver and Stomach through, perhaps less prompt than the Bitters, while the same quantity is taken in none the less certain. Indigestion, Billiousness, Physical or Nervous Prostration, yield readily to its potent influence. It gives the invalid a new and stronger hold upon life, removes depression of spirits, and inspires cheerfulness. It supplants the pain of disease with the ease and comfort of perfect health. It gives strength to weakness, throws despondency to the winds, and starts the restored invalid upon a new and gladsome career But Dr. Hoofland's benefactions to the human race are not confined to his celebrated

GERMAN BITTERS,

or his invaluable Tonic. He has prepared another medicine, which is rapidly winning its way to popular favor because of its intrinsic merits. This is

HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILLS,

a perfect substitute for mercury, without any of mercury's evil qualities.

These wonderful Pills, which are intended to act upon the Liver, are mainly composed of Podophyllin, or the

VITAL PRINCIPLE OF THE MANDRAKE ROOT.

Now we desire the reader to distinctly understand that this principle of the Mandrake is many times more powerful than the Mandrake itself. It is the medicinal virtues of this health-giving plant in a perfectly pure and highly concentrated form. Hence it is that two of the Podophyllin Pills constitute a full dose, while anywhere six to eight or a handful of other preparations of the Mandrake are required. The Podophyllin

ACTS DIRECTLY ON THE LIVER,

stimulating its functions and causing it to make its biliary secretions in regular and proper quantities. The injurious results which invariably follow the use of mercury is entirely avoided by their use. But it is not upon the Liver only that their powers are exerted. The extract of Mandrake contained in them is skillfully combined with four other extracts, one of which acts upon the stomach, one upon the upper bowels, one upon the lower bowels, and one prevents any griping effect, thus producing a pill that influences the entire digestive and alimentary system, in an equal and harmonious manner, and its action entirely free from nausea, vomiting or griping pains common to all other purgatives.

Possessing these much desirable qualities, the Podophyllin becomes invaluable as a

FAMILY MEDICINE.

No household should be without them. They are perfectly safe, require but two tor an ordinary dose, are prompt and efficient in action, and when used in connection with Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, or Tonic, may be regarded as certain specifics in all cases of Liver Complaint Dyspepsia, or any of the disorders to which the system is orginally subject. The

PODOPHYLLIN PILLS

act upon the stomach and bowels, carrying off improper obstructions, while the Bitters or Tonic purify the blood, strengthen and invigorate the frame, give tone and appetite to the stomach, and thus build up the invalid anew.

Dr. Hoofland, having provided internal remedies, for diseases, has given the world one mainly for external application, in the wonderful preparation known as

Dr. HOOFLAND'S GREEK OIL.

This Oil is a sovereign remedy for pains and aches of all kinds. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Chribiahs, Sprains, Burns, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Lame Joints, &c., &c., all yield to its external application. The number of cures effected by it is astonishing, and they are increasing every day.

Taken internally, it is a cure for Heartburns, Kidney diseases, Sick-Headaches, Cholic, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Pains in the Stomach, Colds, Asthma, &c.

The Greek Oil is composed entirely of healing gums and essential oils. The principal ingredient is an oily substance procured in the southern part of Greece Its effects as a destroyer of pain are truly magical. Thousands have been benefitted by its use, and a trial by those who are skeptical will thoroughly convince them of its inestimable value.

These remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, No. 631, ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for Sale by Druggists, Storekeepers and Medicine Dealers everywhere. jan18-1y-chdjy5.

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oct5,3m;chdec31;feb22;may10;jy19

SELECT MISCELLANY.

THE MAN I DID NOT MARRY.

I think that her ultimate destiny as somebody's wife is one of the earliest impressions received by the feminine soul. Is not our tender infancy one prolonged series of bridal processions, where dolls in white satin dresses and veils marry dolls in dress coats and boots to-day, and are not those same books and coats mated afresh with other satins and veils to-morrow? And from these early antitypes of disinterested maternal diplomacy we pass easily to speculation upon our own possible future. I distinctly remember that at six years of age I had firmly resolved that nothing should induce me to marry Tommy, the son of our next door neighbor; for Tommy was greedy, and refused to share with me a beautiful cocoanut cake with a red centre, for a taste of which my mouth watered; and when I said with tears in my voice, "Please, Tommy, just a little bite," Tommy made a derisive gesture (known to boys) with his nose and thumb, and holding the tempting morsel just out of my reach asked in withering accents: "Will you have it now or wait till you get it?" No, I never would marry a greedy.

I still meant to marry somebody, however; but my somebody was a long time in growing up to man's estate. He passed through many stages; migrated into as many forms as a Hindoo's soul; and in proportion to the amount of incense poured at each shrine, was the loathing which ensued when the smoke blew away and I saw of what cheap material my idol was made. At fourteen I went to dancing-school with George. George was a head taller and three years older than myself, so I looked up to him as a man; he knew Latin, so I reverenced him as a sage. George always danced with me, and I lent him my seal ring to wear. I declined dancing with the small boys and pinched my feet almost numb that he might compliment me on my beautiful little bronze boots. But one day George gave me back my ring saying he was afraid he might lose it. "Oh, no matter if you do, I replied, feeling it would be happiness to have my ring even lost by George. But no; he said, "I think I won't keep it any longer, Ellie." He did not ask me to dance again that day, and he danced four times with Daisy Jones, a new girl and a very pretty one. I turned my back hair to them and hummed a second to the fiddlers very loud when they passed me; but my heart sank down into my little bronze boots, till they—or it—or both—it was all so dreadful I don't remember which—ached to bursting. I stayed

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., Aug. 23d, 1871.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
Col. DAVID STANTON.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Col. ROBERT B. BEATH.

Republican County Ticket.

Assembly.—Wm. C. Shurlock,
" William A. Mickey,
" Demas M. Leatherman,
" George W. Fleeger.
Associate Judge.—Joseph C. Wilson.
Treasurer.—Chas. P. Wallace.
Pros. Attorney.—J. R. Harrah.
Commissioner.—Hugh J. Marshall.
D. H. Director.—Samuel Gibson.
Auditor,—Ralph Covert.
Auditor (1 year.)—Clark A. Hunter.
Surveyor.—Azariah Wynn.
Trustees of Academy.—Henry Hice, John Murray.

☞ The Editor is absent.

THE actual redemption of the principal of the public debt for the fiscal year ending June 30, is $132,139,575, The usual monthly debt statements for the same period foot up a reduction of $84,327,764. The difference between the statements is because the monthly statement—being a balance sheet—takes the cash and accrued interest into the account, which are considered outstanding liabilities.

THE St. Louis *Republican* has a special from Jefferson City which says that an application from New Madrid county for protection against the Ku-Klux was recently made to Governor Brown. The investigation showed that the local authorities were admirably able and willing to protect everybody, white and black, and there was not the least occasion for executive interference.

GILMORE is out with a stunning prospectus for the International Peace Jubilee. He made a great noise two years ago, but next year he proposes to blow a blast which will put his former efforts entirely in the shade. One hundred thousand people, twenty thousand voices and two thousand instruments with bands from all the leading nations of the world are among the features. Just think of it! It is to come off in Boston, and Gilmore will soon go abroad to perfect his arrangements.

AN experienced railway traveler is not able to decide what place in the car is the safest. He thinks the middle car rides the easiest, and may be somewhat less dangerous in case of accident—but adds that "no place on the car is wholly safe, and it has no more been decided which is the safest place on a railway train than where is the best place on the body to have boils." Safety in travel must, after all, depend altogether on the condition of the conveyance used, and the care and fidelity of those having it in charge.

THE New York *Tribune* says: "We read in the fashion newspapers that for next season's styles neutral tints and dark cloth, colors nearly black, will prevail. Black itself will be worn more than ever, for the special and indisputable reason that half of Paris and Berlin are in mourning. We may have as georgeous and prismatic tastes as we please, but Death is inexorable, and brings all of us back now and then to the livery of grief. Of course, if we were asked why the beautiful dames and demoiselles of New York should all go into black, because French and Prussian mothers or wives are bereaved, we should answer, that the ways of fashion are past finding out.

AN affair occurred near Eddyville, Iowa, by which five persons lost their lives. Wm. Briggs had decided to open an old coal shaft, and sent his son and daughter to dip out the water. The son put down the ladder and descended, and was suffocated by fire damp. The sister, not hearing him also descended. Briggs, coming into the mine with a brother and a hired man, and not being able to hear his children, also descended, as did his brother and hired man, one after another, thus making five persons who found untimely graves in the bowels of the earth. At last accounts two of the bodies had been recovered.

MR. GEO. O. EVANS, by an act of the Legislature of 1867, was appointed agent of Pennsylvania to collect war claims against the United States, at a compensation not exceeding ten per cent. He collected about $2 900,000, on which he retained $292,000 as ten per cent. commission. The State Treasurer demands that Evans be compelled to pay that sum into the Treasury before he becomes entitled to per-centage. The whole trouble seems to hinge upon the point whether Evans is justified in retainig his pay out of the aggregate collected, or should first pay over to the treasurer the entire amount, and then draw out the sum of his commission. We understand the matter will be settled in a Court of law. There is said to be a vast difference betwixt "tweedledum and tweedledee."

THERE is many a road to the human heart beside those of the ears and brains. Many a sight and sound accent, even of which we have never thought at all, sink into our memory and help to form our characters; and thus children brought up among beautiful sights and sweet sounds, will most likely show the fruits of their nursing by thoughtfulness and affection, and nobleness of mind, even by the expression of the countenance. Those who live in towns should carefully remember this for their own sakes. Never lose an opportunity of seeing anything beautiful. Beauty is God's hand-writing—a wayside sacrament; welcome it in every fair face, every sky, every fair flower, and thank Him for it, the fountain of all loveliness, and drink it in simply and earnestly, with all your eyes; it is a charmed draught, a cup of blessing.

THE Sacramento *Union*, thinks that the Germans of California will vote almost unanimously for Booth and the Republican ticket. In Sacramento, Stockton, and San Francisco the Germans are thoroughly organized in Republican clubs and throng the Republican processions. In 1864 they were not active as they are now in support of the Republicans. It says "the German talent and enthusiasm are all on the side of Newton Booth, and it is no exaggeration to say in advance that he and his ticket will receive four out of every five German votes in the State. They will give him San Francisco by 1,500 majority. They will give him Los Angeles, El Dorado, Calaveras and a dozen counties doubtful without their votes. We count on a Republican gain over the majority of 1868 from this one source of not less than 4,000.

THE EVIDENCE elicited before the Congressional Committee on Ku-Klux outrages is of the most startling character, and *fully* substantiates the infamy and desperation of the Southern Democracy. To think that such diabolism and lawlessness as has been developed during the progress of the investigation are practiced by a party which professes the most unbounded veneration for the constitution and laws, is almost beyond credibility, were not the evidence against them so overwhelming and conclusive.—Only imagine the great Democratic expounders of the constitution clothed in the garb of fiends of the infernal regions, raiding through the country during the midnight hours, dragging from their peaceful slumbers the unwary victims of their malice, to plunge through their vitals the assassin's dagger! and that, too, in the presence of weeping wives, mothers, sisters and children! But, of such men is the Democratic party of the South composed; yet they have the audacity to assume the character of instructors of the people in constitutional law! Why, it is enough to chill one's blood and lessen confidence in humanity to read the horrible deeds of Ku-Klux operations in the South; yet they have the cheek to talk constitution, and endeavor to make the world believe they regard that instrument—*for* the destruction of which they waged a bloody and cruel five years' war, and even now trample its sacred provisions under their feet. It is almost sufficient to bring the great charter of our liberties into disrepute to have it even mentioned by those whose very breath exhales disloyalty and reeks with murder and treason; and who, in hideous disguise, raid over the country leaving desolation, tears and death in their track.

Republicans are remiss in duty in allowing Democrats to question their adherence to the constitution, while their Democratic brethren in the South are making midnight stillness terrible by the assassination of slumbering citizens, for no other offence than that they are Republicans and advocate the doctrines of civil and religious liberty, and the political equality of all men.

Let Republicans boldly stand their ground and tell these constitution expounders what they think of them and their Northern coadjutors, when their superciliousness prompts them to thrust their infamous record upon public notice. Had Republicans used the same persistency in advocating their principles and pressing their claims upon the attention of the people, as the Democracy have evinced, the latter party would now be simply historically remembered, and loathed and dispised for its outrages upon liberty and equality during the years of its expiring death-throes.

RECENT advices from Prince Edward's Island state that the Government of that island has decided not to enforce the fishery laws during the present season and prior to the ratification of the new treaty in respect to the fisheries. This may be all very well so far as that Island is concerned. That Government has always been friendly to U. S. fishermen, but she has no controlling influence in the matter. Canadian cutters captured an American fishing vessel near their waters last week; and a seizure is equivalent to the loss of a season's fishing, if not the vessel itself. No doubt the citizens of that Island mean well, but this is of no avail where they are powerless to execute.

Two of the greatest powers on earth, England and the United States recently appointed commissioners to draw up a Treaty whereby the grievances between the two countries could be adjusted without resorting to the dread arbitrament of war. The commissioners met and made a Treaty, and as one cause of grievance was on account of the fisheries, it was made subject to the consent of Canada, the two other powers not dreaming but that she would immediately acquiesce. The United States signed the Treaty in good faith, England followed; but the Dominion of Canada having had a taste of warring on American fishermen, and finding that our Government did not promptly interfere, has refused her signature thus far, in order, as is clearly apparent, that she may follow up her vindictive and cowardly warfare on the fishing fleet and defy, as she has repeatedly done with impunity, the government of the United States.

Is not this humiliating indeed? And no other power on the face of the earth would submit to such audacious impudence, allow their citizens to be so harassed, and an important national industry interfered with, especially after the signing of a treaty which was mutually satisfactory to itself and the Home Government? The little Dominion of Canada, hardly able to go alone, is laughing to-day at outwitting England, and openly defies the United States to stop her in overhauling and seizing her fishermen.

Saulty of Suicides.

Some of the scientific men of our day are trying to ascertain if a thoroughly sane person ever commits suicide. These gentlemen meet with difficulties, some of the chief of which arise from the impossibility of placing the suicides themselves on the witness stand. They find it impossible to get any but inferential evidence out of a self-destroyed man, as to his mental status at the time he killed himself.

Some queer facts have been brought to light, however. One man had been told by a fortune-teller that he would die within three weeks; and, having a great horror of death, he took a dose of strychnine to escape dying. That man was clearly of unsound mind. His visit to the fortune-teller showed that.

Another case, almost the reverse of the above, occurred in Paris. A man bent on suicide climbed up the parapet of a bridge over the Seine, and was about to jump into the river when a sentry pointed his musket at him and threatened to shoot him dead unless he immediately came down. Singularly enough, the man at once came down, instead of staying on the parapet and achieving death at the hands of the sentry without committing suicide. Was that man in his right mind?

A still more singular case was that of an old bachelor who, in a moment of weakness, entered into a marriage engagement. On coming to what he called his right mind, this unfortunate man resolved to escape the consequences of his folly by committing self-destruction. Thus resolved, he had his razor aimed at his jugular vein when word came that his *fiancée* had eloped with a younger and handsomer man. Here was unexpected deliverance; but now mark the vagaries of a perturbed mind. Jealousy of his rival succeeded to horror of his betrothed, and after writing a plain statement of his grievances, the bachelor resumed his razor and cut his throat. It strikes us that is a case which might become unusually interesting under scientific manipulation.

We await the reports of our savans on the mental state of suicides with much interest.

HERE AND THERE.

—Mr. Donaldson of Cincinnati, has so thoroughly domesticated a humming-bird that upon going into his garden the bird will immediately alight upon a shell in his hand and sip the sugar-water within it, no matter how many persons may be standing around him at the time.

—A New Jersey editor has announced the death of his uncle in Australia, leaving him a gold mine and $400,000. His village cotemporary professes to regard the matter as a plan cunningly devised to obtain credit for a box of paper collars and a straw hat.

—A recently published work opens with the following remarkable statement: "The success of Columbus in his bold career of navigation and discovery under the patronage of Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain elevated him to the highest position among the crowned heads of Europe."

—Coffins of the new artificial stone, which hardens after being exposed to the air—warranted a close fit, air tight and to last forever—are the latest modern improvement. In case of any failure of these warrants the occupants can obtain the return of their money by calling on the patentee. What a comfort!

—"Tad" Lincoln, we learn from the Chicago *Standard*, was a regular attendant of the Bible class of the First Baptist Church, Chicago, and manifested deep interest in religious things. It is said that when eight years old he voluntarily signed a pledge of total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors and tobacco—a pledge which he ever faithfully fulfilled.

—It is stated that the total amount of the bequests of Horatio Ward, the wealthy American who died in London recently, to Soldiers' Homes in this country will be about $600,000. The subscriptions in aid of the German widows and orphans by the late war, paid to the Consul General of North Germany at this port amount to $350,000. These are good examples of the liberality of our people.

—Last week there was a report that at Newport a French Count had eloped with the wife of a New York gentleman. The news went to New York, and within twenty-four hours it is said that over a hundred desperate individuals went on suddenly to see their wives at the fashionable watering-place. What a commentary on conjugal confidence!

—Timothy Trimm, the once famous editor of the *Petit Journal*, the most largely circulated paper in Paris (it has had a daily sale of over six hundred thousand copies), recently died in the French capital. He was one of the liveliest small-talkers in Paris, and was reputed to have more acquaintance with all kinds of gossip than any man in France.

—At Lawrence, Kansas, on a Sunday, while a minister was holding forth in the church, a crowd got up a cock-fight in the yard. The people who had congregated in the church went out to stop the fight, but awaited until the battle was over before objecting. The minister looked out of the window at the crowd and said: "We are all miserable sinners—which whipped?"

—The Emperor Alexander is the hero of the following anecdote: He was present at a collection in Paris for one of the hospitals. The plate was held out to him by an extremely pretty girl. As he gave his louis d'or he whispered, "Mademoiselle, this is for your bright eyes." The girl courtesied and presented the plate again. "What," said the Emperor, "more?" "Yes, sir," said she, "I now want something for the poor."

—The Fish Commissioners of Hartford have caused to be hatched at Holyoke this summer about 60,000,000 young shad, and 5,000,000 have been placed in Saugatuck river at Westport,—300,000 in Poquonnock river in Groton and the rest have been turned into the Connecticut. It is stated that those that survive will be fit for the table in three years, and probably the healthy names these rivers have will produce this condition with the shad.

—The New York *Times* says:

There is now lying at the various piers on the North and East rivers nearly one hundred and fifty vessels, whose long graceful hulls and rounded sterns at once proclaim their American origin. All fly foreign ensigns, a fact which attests the esteem in which the American ship builder and his perfect model is held abroad. Is it now about time that this claim were equally well recognized at home? Ship building is not yet a lost art among us, though their seems to be imminent danger that it shortly will be.

—Every one knows that tobacco was first brought into repute in England by Sir Walter Raleigh. At first he smoked in private, not wishing it to become common; but sitting one day absorbed in meditation, with a pipe in his mouth, he called to his servant to bring him a mug of beer. The fellow, as soon as he entered the room, was seized with terror, threw the contents of the mug into Sir Walter's face, and, running down stairs bawled out, "Fire! fire! fire! help! Sir Walter has studied until his head is on fire, and the smoke is bursting out of his mouth and nose."

—A wealthy septuagenarian of Cogny, Switzerland, while going to his vineyard, recently met a pretty girl of eighteen, and kissed her, upon which her father who witnessed the liberty, beat him till he had but little life left, and then sued him for damages. In the trial it appeared that the genial burgher had an irresistable propensity to kiss all the pretty women he met within the district. The girl then testified that she didn't mind being kissed if she could be handsomely paid for it, and the Court thought that two hundred dollars, in addition to the drubbing, would be a fair price for the defendant to pay for his sweetness.

WE give below a list of the subordinate officers of the Senate in 1870, when the Senate was Republican, and a similar list for the Senate of 1871, which was Democratic. Compare the two. The lists speak for themselves:

1 Chief Clerk.
2 Assistant Clerks.
5 Transcribing Clerks.
1 Sergeant-at-Arms.
3 Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.
1 Doorkeeper.
2 Assistant Doorkeepers.
1 Keeper of Speaker's room.
1 One Messenger.
2 Assistant Messengers.
1 Librarian.
1 Chaplain.
1 Postmaster.
1 Marshall—rotunda.
6 Pages.
1 Superintendent of Folding room.
5 Pasters and Folders.
1 Engineer.
1 Fireman.
1 Janitor.

38

Total amount paid officers of Senate, session 1870, $26,466 55.

Total expenses, session 1870, Senate, $92,260 35.

List of the number of the subordinate officers of the Senate during the session of 1871:

1 Chief Clerk.
3 Assistant Clerks.
5 Transcribing Clerks.
1 Sergeant-at-Arms.
2 Assistant Sergeants-at-Arms.
1 Doorkeeper.
3 Assistant Doorkeepers.
1 Keeper Rotunda.
1 Postmaster.
1 Chaplain.
1 Keeper of Speaker's room.
1 Sup't. of Folding Department.
8 Pasters and Folders.
3 Firemen.
1 Watchman.
1 Laborer.
1 Janitor.
9 Pages.
1 Librarian.
3 Assistant Librarians.

49

Total amount paid officers of Senate, session 1871, $47,904 50.

Total expenses of session of 1871, Senate, thus far paid, $140,757 68.—*Har. Telegraph.*

A Murderer's Confession.

Joseph Messner, who was executed Friday, at Rochester, N. Y., for the murder of his wife three years ago, made a full confession of his crime, but not until the last moment. He states that he determined to maintain his innocence as long as there was hope of life; but now that there was absolute certainty that he would be hung, he confessed his terrible crime, and says he married "out of his nation," and therefore lived unpappily with his wife. She was Irish and he German, and this "breed did not mix well." He claims his wife treated him just as meanly as she knew how, and on the day of the murder, when about to start to Rochester, she said she was going to have him arrested for some abuse. Just as she was getting into the wagon he struck her on the back of her head with a billet of wood. He says he "struck to kill," and the one blow completed the work. Messner had three trials, and each resulted in the same verdict. After his first sentence he came within nineteen minutes of being executed, and only for a lively use of the telegraph would then have been hung. His counsel had to go to Anglica in a snow storm to secure the "stay," after all other means had failed, and only arrived with it nineteen minutes before the time for the execution to take place.

HORACE GREELEY ON THE WOMAN QUESTION.

The following letter written a few days ago by Mr. Greeley to the editor of the *Gokten Age*, N. Y., will be read with interest by all:

SIR: Your article on this topic is so forcible and just in the main, that I presume you will be quite willing to have its slight inaccuracies corrected in your columns. I do not assume that my views on the Woman Question are of much consequence to others; but, in so far as they may possess interest, it is well that they be clearly understood. Let me, then, indicate your misapprehensions without further preface.

I. You say I "hold that there ought to be no divorce at all—not for any crime, even the worst?" So far as I can recollect, your only authority for this statement is a remark that, had not the Master spoken otherwise, I would not have deemed adultery a sufficient reason for dissolving a marriage. As you seem to have given these words undue weight, allow me to explain my view more fully.

That persistent, flagitious adultery in husband or wife affords good cause for divorce, I have not meant to deny. But there have been cases of transient infidelity to marriage-vows, under the influence of passions inflamed by wine and other unnatural excitements, which, being followed by prompt and profound contrition, I would not judge adequate reason for divorce. You and I both know that wives have often pardoned such lapses in husbands; you and I agree that husbands have no rightful immunity in such matters which ought not also to be accorded to wives. And I profoundly honor and reverence the husband who can say to his erring wife, "Though I know that you have been false to God and to me, yet, because of the love I have borne you, of the vow which pledged me to love and cherish you till death, and for the sake of the dear children which God has given us, I believing you truly penitent, will forgive and try almost to forget your crime, and thus shield our little ones from undeserved shame." I regard the husband who thus speaks and acts as a better Christian, a truer, man, than is he who exposes, discards, and outlaws the wife of his youth for a flagrant transgression, now sincerely and bitterly repented. I suggest, therefore, that you henceforth represent me as holding that adultery may, but does not always, justify an application for divorce.

You may say I hold that "If a man marries and his wife dies, there should be no second marriage." This, also, is too sweeping. Some of my best and most esteemed friends are remarried—happily, I am sure; wisely and nobly, I judge. Nay: I can imagine a case in which the poor, hard-working, widowed father of young children whom he cannot take with him to his daily labor, should feel constrained for their sake to replace his lost wife by another in whose perfect acceptance and discharge of a mother's duty toward those children he could implicitly trust. Pardon me, but I am quite confident that the casual remark on which you based your broad assertion referred to a remarriage following separation by divorce, not death.

III. Let me state my own conception of remarriages as complicating marital relations in the other world.

I do not dispute the doctrine of Jesus that "In heaven there is neither marrying nor given in marriage," if you have quoted His words exactly. And yet I feel that there are couples so completely and happily united in this world that they will be nearer and dearer to each other in the next than they would or could have been had they failed to meet in this life; and I think these are happier in either world than though one or both of them had remarried. I do not hold that either would have been culpable in remarrying if widowed on this planet; I only insist that they will both rejoice—and with reason—in their higher life, that neither in this life was married a second time.

IV. You are entirely, eminently right, Mr. Editor, in asserting that my conviction of the proper indissolubility of marriage is the mainspring of my hostility to Woman Suffrage, and to the social philosophy from which many vainly seek to separate the Woman movement. Though I have written or dictated very little of what has, during the last ten years, been printed as editorial in *The Tribune* on this subject, it is nevertheless true that my conception of the nature and the scope of the marriage relation renders my conversion to Woman Suffrage a moral impossibility.

I have but two left of seven children, and these are both daughters. I would gladly fit them for lives of usefulness and honor, as beloved and loving wives of virtuous, upright, noble men, and mothers, if it shall please God, of good, healthy, happy children. If it be decreed that they are to be, not such women as those I have most admired and reverenced, but men with a female physique—powerful in ward caucuses and nominating conventions, vehement in senate and on the stump, and effective juries in the trial of actions for *crim. con.*—I pray that my career on this globe shall close before theirs is fairly begun. When and where they thus shine, it will not be pleasant for me to stay.

Mr. Editor, I believe our countrymen are indebted to you for having discovered (perhaps I should say invented) me as a possible (though most improbable) candidate for the Presidency. Allow me, then, to thank you for your early and frank demonstration that I can in no contingency be counted on or hoped for as a Woman Suffrage candidate. As you forcibly and justly say, there is not even a remote possibility of my ultimately adapting myself to this end. My difference with your crowd is too vital, too radical, to permit the most sanguine dreamer to hope for my conversion. I am growing old; my opinions are tolerably firm; and the Advanced Female of the Laura Fair type, who kills the paramour of whom she claims to be the rightful affinity, and gives the lie in open court to the wife she has doubly widowed, is my pet aversion.

But why should any *man* be the candidate for President of the Woman Suffragists? Logically and consistently, I feel that their candidate should be a woman. She ought, moreover, to be one thoroughly emancipated from the "absurdity and folly" the "narrowness," and the "baleful conservatism," which I am now too old to outgrow. Could you not find one who illustrates in her own person and history what you so felicitously term "the liberal thought of an enlightened age?" Let her be one who has two husbands after a sort, and lives in the same house with them both, sharing the couch of one, but bearing the name of the other (to indicate her impartiality perhaps), and cause and candidate will be so fitly mated that there will be no occasion, even under the most liberal, progressive, enlightened regime, to sue for their divorce. Could not one of this class be persuaded to overcome her shrinking modesty and nominate herself?

In a spirit of hearty hatred for Free Love and all its infernal delusions.

I remain, yours,
HORACE GREELEY.

Tribune Office, Aug. 7, 1871.

FROM OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 11, 1871.

The weather continues almost unendurably hot here, the mercury reaching 100 in many portions of the city in the shade. Business of all kinds, save the ice business, is slack, and but little disposition among our business men to increase it till the weather becomes cooler.

The approaching State election is much talked of here. The recent Democratic defeat in North Carolina, has greatly alarmed the Democrats, and now they feel, unless they can unite upon some policy, there case is hopeless beyond redemption. From Ohio and Pennsylvania, we get the most encouraging news, and, notwithstanding the personal bickerings in the latter State, intelligent people write that it will go from 10,000 to 15,000 majority Republican.

The injunction laid upon our Governor, H. D. Cook against negotiating four millions of bonds in accordance with an act passed by our Legislature for the use of the board of public works having been sustained by the Court, a second bill has been pushed and passed yesterday, authorizing the issue of a loan of four millions to make repairs and improvements in the District of Columbia. This bill is similar to the first one passed with the exception that it provides before it shall become a law, it shall receive the vote of the majority of the people at the next general election.

But to avoid delay in commencing to make the necessary improvements a temporary loan of five hundred thousands has just been past by both branches of the Legislature and with the sanction of the Governor, which will doubtless be given; it will become a law. Already contracts are being awarded by the board, and soon the Capitol city will be all alive with the labors in making herself what every American in the country will be proud of—the model city.

The excitement over the murder of Monday night when a noted ex-gambler and more recently a lobbyist, John McCarthy was the victim by the hands of another gambler has not ceased. His funeral takes place to-day—Rev. Dr. Sunderland to officiate—and it is expected that much pomp and parade will be the order. McCarthy has led a very fast life; was originally a gambler in New York city—then at the commencement of the war procured a sutlership in one of the New York Regiments, and at the close of the war took up his residence in Washington. Aside from businesses as gambler and lobbyist, he has all along been most intimately identified with a well-known house of ill-fame—reputed to have been in a pecuniary point of view an equal partner of his mistress who was ostensibly its proprietor.

There seems to have been an old feud existing between the gambling fraternity here, and McCarthy on account, it is asserted of a suspicion, that McCarthy had been aiding the police force of the city in making the numerous raides, which have been made upon them during the past year. The murderer, Darden, was a partner of Jonny James who was killed in Washington some six months by Rache Bolster, the prize-fighter, Bolster is now lying in jail. He has been tried once, convicted, and sentenced to be hung; but has been granted a new trial.

Much to the disappointment of many of the Government clerks, they are this year deprived in part, if not in whole, of their thirty days leave of absence. The order, your correspondent believes has been general by the Heads of all the Departments that all the time lost by a clerk during the year, whether by sickness or otherwise, shall be deducted out of the thirty days which custom authorizes the Heads of the Departments to give every clerk under them. The query is now whether if in case a clerk should absent himself (for whatever cause) from his office more than thirty days in the year, he would be deprived of pay for the days in excess.

Under the guise of moral reform the subordinate officers of our Police Court have made during the past six months numerous raids upon houses of ill-fame and second-class, small fry, gambling houses in Washington. There has been nearly fifty cases of such arrests made during the Summer and the fines imposed and paid have ranged from $100 to $1,000 each. Arrests for other crimes have been great and the fines generally imposed *ditto*. Of late there has been apprehensions that an investigation by our Legislature might develope some things in connection with the action of the Court which, at least would be interesting to our citizens, if not criminal. Accordingly a committee has been appointed, and investigation shows that one of the boldest and most diabolical outrages ever committed upon a confiding community has been committed by the subordinates of this court upon our people. It has been shown by sworn evidence that these subordinates have collected of the inmates (the victims of misplaced confidence) of nameless dens thousands of dollars, only a small part of which has ever found its way into our city Treasury. *The Sunday Morning Chronicle*, in speaking of the affair, justly adds:

"Those placed in authority over us have filled their pockets with the wages of sin; have taken from the prostitute that for which she sold herself to the devil, that they might live in luxury. They mingled with honest men, while their purses were heavy with their ill-gotten gains. Could there be a more damnable shame? Reform! Reform! Again we say, restore the old system, and let it be under the control of the Territorial Government, so that, if ever again similar things occur, they can be immediately convicted."

The President seemed to have been deceived in the appointment of General Pleasonton. He had known him to be sure as a good soldier and an intelligent gentleman, and for that reason, doubtless, supposing that he would make an honest and practical civil officer. Ever since he first became Commissioner complaints from all parties having business with the office have been general; even the clerks under General Pleasonton although silent in the matter, have been greatly annoyed with red-tape profusion inaugurated by him. The new Com'r. Douglass, whose long and practical acquaintance with the duties of the Commissionship at once changed the atmosphere in the office, thereby rendering it agreeable for the most humble having business with the office to call upon him.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics in response to numerous calls for information as to the extent of consumption of liquors in the U. S., furnishes the following estimate:

Whisky, 60,000,000 gallons, average price at retail $6 - - - - -	$360,000,000
Imported spirits, 2,500,000 gallons $10 - - - - -	$25,000,000
Imported wine 10,700,00 gallons $5 - - - - -	$53,500,000
Ale, Porter, Lager Beer 6,- 500,000 barrels $20 - -	$120,000,000
Native brandies, wines and cordials, at least - - -	$31,500,000
Total. - - - - - -	$600,000,000

This makes the enormous aggregate of six hundred millions of dollars per annum—sufficient to purchase one hundred million barrels of flour, an average of over $15 to each individual, each family of 8 paying $120 per year for what is worse than useless.

The accuracy of the foregoing estimate has been proven to be correct.

CHIEL.

J W SPENCER

No. 89 Market St.,

Black Silks,
Fancy Silks,
Jap. Silks,
Foulard De Soie,
Pongee Fantaise,
Green Mohair,
Grisselle Poplins,
Macao Cloths,
Plain and Fancy

DRESS GOODS,

Mourning Goods,
Paisley Shawls,
Stripid Shawls,
Lace Curtains.

Persons visiting Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to examine our stock, as the prices will be the VERY LOWEST.

March29:1y.

Iron City College,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The best conducted, most popular and successful institution in the United States, for the thorough, practical education, of young and middle aged men.

☞ For large descriptive circulars, containing full particulars, address

J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

jy26 3m.

New Advertisement.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

OFFICE CO. SUPT. OF COMMON SCHOOLS, }
Beaver, Pa., July 5th, 1871. }

July 18th, New Brighton and Fallston, at New Brighton School House.
July 20th, Rochester borough and tp., and Phillipsburg, at Rochester.
July 24th, Beaver, Bridgewater, Vanport and Sharon, at Beaver S. H.
July 26th, Beaver Falls and Patterson, at Beaver Falls S. H.
July 31st, Freedom and St. Clair, at Freedom S. H.
August 14th, Baden and Economy, at Baden S. H.
August 16th, Industry and Neal's, at Industry S. H.
August 18th, Moon & Moon Judpon's, at Fleming's S. H.
August 21st, Hopewell and Logstown, at Scottsville S. H.
August 23d, Independence, at Independence S. H.
August 25th, Raccoon, at No. 1 (new) S. H.
August 28th, Ohio and Glasgow, at Fairview S. H.
August 30th, Hookstown, Green and Georgetown, at Hookstown S. H.
September 1st, Hanover, Frankfort, and Murdocksville, at Smith's (new) school house.
Sept. 4th, Darlington borough and tp., Big Beaver and New Galilee, at Darlington school house.
Sept. 6th, South Beaver and Chippewa, at Barnett's school house.
Sept. 8th, Pulaski, at Forksburg school house.
Sept. 9th, Brighton, at Eakin's school house.
Sept. 11th, North Sewickley, at Laurel Point school house.
Sept. 12th, Franklin, at Phillis' school house.
Sept. 14th, New Sewickley, at Unionville school house.

One hundred and ninety questions will be asked on the following topics, viz: 75, Orthography; 20, Grammar; 30, Geography; 10, Reading; 20, Practical Arithmetic; 5, Mental Arithmetic; 10, Penmanship; 20, History; and 10 on Theory of Teaching—90 to 100 per cent. of the questions answered correctly, Grade 1—70 to 89, Grade 2—60 to 70, Grade 3. No certificate issued whose Grade is below fifty per cent.

Special examinations will be held after the regular examinations on Friday and Saturday of each week, in the office of the Superintendent at the Court House until October 1st. Applicants however, must have a *written request* from Directors. It is highly probable that at many of the examinations two days will be required when this is the case, an occasional session will be held during the intervening evening. Exercises will commence promptly at 9 o'clock, a. m.

GEO. M. FIELDS, *Co. Sup't.*

[jy12-tf.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians, &c., have been duly passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, Pa., and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, the 6th day of September, A. D. 1871.

1. The final account of D. H. Stone, executor of the will of Charles Stone, deceased.
2. Account of Joseph Cooley, executor of the will of Robert Cooley, deceased.
3. Final account of Robert Russell, Guardian of Nancy J. Russell, deceased, minor child of Sarah Russell, deceased.
4. Account of Hugh Anderson, Guardian of Sam'l. R. Sanders, minor son of Clement V. Sanders, deceased.
5. Account of Ross Taggart, Guardian of Jane R. Taggart, minor daughter of Mary Taggart, dec'd.
6. First and final account of David Anderson, Administrator of the estate of John Barger, deceased.
7. Final accounts of Thos. Wagner, Guardian of Isabella Schuring, Elizabeth McMillen, Nancy Shaw, Thos. Cress, Jr., Samuel Cress, Rebecca and John Cress, children and heirs of John Cress, deceased.
8. Final and last account of John Swick and Charles Price, Executors of the will of Jacob Freed, deceased.
9. Final account of Peter Crowl, Guardian of Mary E. Miller, minor child of Samuel Miller, deceased.
10. First and final account of Wm. Nevin, Administrator of the estate of Eliza Russell, deceased.
11. Accounts of Daniel Hart, Guardian of Samuel S. Alfred L. and David C. Barnes, minor sons of Milo Barnes, deceased.
12. Final account of Addison Sloan, Administrator of the estate of John Sloan, deceased.
13. First and final account of James F. Hart, Executor of the will of Richmond Hart, deceased.
14. Final account of Samuel G. Caughey, Administrator of the estate of John A. Caughey, dec'd.
15. First and final account (personal) of R. J. Cross, administrator of the estate of Sylvester Dunham, deceased.

D. SINGLETON, Register.

aug9-4t.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY Virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, Pluri Facias, and Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Beaver, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale or at the Court House in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., on SATURDAY SEPT 23, A. D. 1871, at ten o'clock, a. m., the following property, viz:

All right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of North Sewickley, Beaver county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of Jacob Main, on the east by land of Cox's heirs and F. Frederick, on the south by land of Adam Freshcorn, and on the west by E. Edings; containing sixty acres more or less. There is a good dwelling house on said farm, a log barn and good stabling, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation; there are about 400 bearing fruit trees on the same, all enclosed and well watered.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Michael Main, at the suit of Alexander Pomeroy.

No. 2.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, in the county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by lot No. 3, east by Cedar alley, south by lot No. 8, and west by North Beaver st., about 40 feet in front on said North Beaver street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet to Cedar alley, aforesaid; on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house 34x18 feet, with wing or extension of same height, 14x14 feet, with pantry, porch, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of T. W. Anderson, at the suit of Simon Harrold, also at the suit of Andrews, Keatley & Co., for use.

No. 3

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendants of in and to the following described lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, in the county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Northerly by the Darlington Branch of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad; eastwardly by other land formerly of Kane & Co.; southwardly by land of Cochran's, and Westwardly by the line of the village of Darlington; containing two acres and thirty-one perches, strict measure.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Marks, at the suit of Gottlieb Meyer.

ALSO, No. 4.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to the following described property, situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county and State of Pennsylvania; being lot No. 206, in the Economy plan of lots in said borough; bounded north by lot No. 207, on the east by Main street, on the south by lot No. 205 and west by Main alley, on which there is a cellar dug and walled in 8 by 20 feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John A. Paff, at the suit of Hood, Bonbright & Co.

No. 10.

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to, all those certain lots or pieces of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver Co., and State of Pennsylvania, being Nos. 129, 130, 131, 134, 135, 136 and 137, adjoining each other and together bounded and described as follows: On the north by Oak street, on the east by Beaver street, on the south by Oak alley, and west by Brighton street; lots No. 131, 132, 133, 135, 136 and 137 are each 43 feet front by 109 feet deep, and lot No. 134 has a front of 42 feet and a depth of 109 feet; on lots No. 135, 136 and 137 there is erected a large two story brick dwelling house containing 8 rooms, there is also a wing or addition to said house two stories high containing two rooms, used as a kitchen, &c.; the house is well finished and has appliances for hot and cold water, also a stable, coal house and other necessary outbuildings.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Theodore Noble, one of the defendants at the suit of G. E. Warner, President of the Second National Bank of Pittsburgh.

ALSO, No. 11.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to, the following property, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land in Big Beaver township, Beaver, county, bounded on the north by the track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway company, east by land of Jos. Smith and John Beatty, south by land of Jos. Smith, and west by land of Walter Beatty; containing about eighty acres, more or less, about 60 cleared; the entire farm under fences on which is erected a double log house, two stories high, spring house, and old log building. The above described farm is underlaid with a three foot vein of coal, one bank open, premises well watered, with good orchard there; on being the same premises conveyed by Thomas McCandless, trustee of Jonathan Phillips to James D Pomeroy.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Margaret Phillips and Elizabeth Phillips, by virtue of a writ *fi fa.*, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county.

ALSO, No. 12.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to, all that certain lot or parcel of ground situated in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, and State of Pennsylvania, and embracing the whole of lot No. 93 in the general plan of lots in said borough and the eastern half of lot No. 92 in said plan, and the whole bounded and described as follows: Beginning at Third street at the corner of lot No. 91, thence northwardly and along said street 100 feet, being the whole length on 3d street of said lot, No. 93 and the eastern half of lot numbered 92, to corner of lot formerly owned by Samuel Sprowl; thence by the line of said Davenport lot and the lot of Mrs. Mary Carson to Turnpike alley; th

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., Aug. 23d, 1871.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

Space.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 inches.	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, 2 do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column,	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column,	12 00	15 00	20 00	28 00	40 00
1 column,	22 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$5 00
Notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

G. O. P. ROWELL & Co. 40 Park Row, N. York, AND

N. W. PETTENGILL & Co. 37 Park Row, New York, are the *sole* agents for THE BEAVER ARGUS in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertisements at their lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors *either of the above* houses.

THE TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains leave East-street Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.40 a. m.; Accommodation and Express, 12.20 p. m.; Evening Past Line, 9.25.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.40 a. m.; Accommodation and Express, (through to Bellair,) 6.15 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. W. & C. R. R.—Trains going East (Junction at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 6.03 a.m.; Ebon accom. 9.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.30 a. m.; R. Fails 12.10 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at foot of bridge) as follows: B. F. accom. 10 a. m.; Ebon accom. 5.12 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m.; B. F. accom. 7.37 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: B. F. accom. 6.05 a. m.; Ebon accom. 9.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 9.40 a. m.; Chicago exp. 10.53 a. m.; Beaver Falls accom. 12.15 p. m.; Chicago Mail 2.35 p. m.; Erie exp. 4 10 p. m.; Cleveland exp. 6.02 p. m.; Erie mail 9.55 p. m.

Trains going West, leave Rochester (upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 8.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 9.30 a. m.; Beaver Falls accom. 9.55 a. m.; Chicago exp. 11.30 a. m.; Chicago exp. 3.55 p. m.; New Castle accom. 4.30 p. m.; Erie exp. 5.42 p. m.; Beaver accom. 7.35.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Special Notices—Joe. McCreery & Co.
Special Notice—R. T. Taylor.
Special Notice—*Prof. Benter.*
Special Notice—H. Donehoo.
List of Premiums—T. O. Anshutz, Sec'y.
Washing Compound—D L Anderson.
New Advertisement—R. T. Taylor.

WATCH REPAIRING.—If your watch is out of order send it to *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, Pittsburgh. It will be repaired and returned free of all charges. All work warranted. jet-ly

TRYING to do business without advertising, is like winking at a pretty girl through a pair of green goggles—you know what you are doing, but no one else does.

CARPETS! CARPETS!—I am now closing out my stock of carpets, notwithstanding the advance in wool, at cost prices. R. Mulheim, Bridgewater, Pa. Aug-6w.

The Pittsburgh Conference of the Methodist Church will convene in the Methodist Church at Eldersville, Washington county, (Rev. J. B. Lucas, pastor,) on the 6th of next month. It is expected that over *one hundred* ministers will be in attendance.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING.—Gentlemen who desire to procure a perfect fit and fashionably made clothing should call on Merchant Tailoring Establishment of Harry Donehoo, on Third street, Beaver.

The fact is beyond question, that Beaver is two heights and a half ahead of any establishment west of the Allegheny mountains, in making perfectly fitting garments, and he has on hands an elegant assortment of the very latest styles of seasonable goods, and is prepared to execute orders in a manner satisfaction in regard to prices. He is, also, prepared to do boys' and children's work in the latest styles.

Clocks, Clocks, Clocks—American Clocks a specialty, lowest prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet-ly

The way to make peach pickles is to take any quantity of fine peaches just before they ripen; stick into each one four or five cloves; make a syrup of three pints of vinegar and three pounds of brown sugar to every seven pounds of peaches; and cinnamon if you like. Bring the syrup to a boil, and pour hot on them; repeat the process everyday for three days, or until they are shrunk on the pit. After the last scald, they should be put away in a very cool cellar until cold weather comes. They will be ready for use, however, in a few days after they are pickled.

Crystal Ware.—We sell none but triple plate. Send for drawings and prices—mailed free if desired. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet-ly

Beaver County Agricultural Society.—We feel considerable pride in the splendid premium list which the Agricultural Society of this county exhibits to the public this week, in connection with their eighteenth annual exhibition, to be held the 27th, 28th and 29th of September next. The number of classes in which competition is invited is much larger than ever before, and a great variety of articles are embraced in each class. The list is so comprehensive that it cannot fail to excite the interest of every one in the county who cares for any of these things, and we bespeak for the coming exhibition a success neither equalled nor surpassed by any former exhibition of the Society. Unusual pains have been exercised by the committee having the fair in charge to make it attractive, and unobjectionable, and at the same time give it the practical and useful direction which such enterprises ought to have in order to subserve the best interests of the whole community. The premiums offered, too, are all worthy of competition, some of them quite valuable, and all together aggregate a large sum of money. Nor is this the only serious item of expense incurred by the Society. *Important* changes and repairs have been made in order to make the Beaver County Fair the equal, if not the superior of any similar affair in the southwest counties in the State.

Now needs but a corresponding interest on the part of the public to realize the object and intention of the Society. In every department in which competition is invited our people have within their own resources the means to make a creditable show, and in many of them their exhibition can not be surpassed anywhere in the State; it will be sufficient to give to each article entered the credit it merits. Other objects of attraction not mentioned in the premium list, are on hand, we are told, but of these we are not sufficiently informed to speak. Let everybody strive to make the star exhibition of the county.

SALE.—A scholarship in the Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa., can be had on very moderate terms on application at the ARGUS office. Any young man desirous of obtaining a Knowledge of Book keeping, &c., will find it to his advantage to purchase the scholarship referred to. [Aug2-tf.

The Camp Meeting in Raccoon township is still progressing, but is likely to close this (Wednesday) evening. The meeting was a very pleasant one and regarded as a success, resulting in the conversion of several persons and in the strengthening up, generally, of the whole charge. The attendance, it we except the Sabbath, was not large, though a decided improvement in this respect on last year and the best of order prevailed throughout. Indeed we have heard it remarked frequently that not an oath was heard on the ground during the meeting, and not even a partially intoxicated person was anywhere to be seen on or near the encampment. Quite a number of zealous and efficient ministers took part in the exercises, among whom we may mention Revs. Minor (Presiding Elder of the district,) Jackson, Ingram, Cass, Gladhill, Bowers, Miller, Hollingshead, Sawhill, Sweezy, Keys, White, and Baker, the Pastor in charge; who by the way is a young man of much promise in the Church.

The encampment is located in a romantic, retired spot, some two hundred yards from Raccoon Creek, and about three miles from the Ohio River. A good shade and several springs of excellent water are among the attractions of the place. The people near the encampment are intelligent and well-to-do-farmers and many of them are attending the services.

Attempted Robbery.—The Butler *Eagle* of last week gives the following account of an attempted robbery in Cherry tp., Butler county: "On the night of the 17th of this month, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock, some persons, who neither feared God nor regarded Mr. Curry of Cherry tp., visited his house for the purpose, (as is supposed) of replenishing their depleted pocket books by taking by force that they were too lazy to earn honestly. There was two of them, one a large man the other small; they entered the hall of Mr. Curry's house and called Mr. Curry, and when he answered them they told him that they had a sick child in a wagon out in the lane, and that they wanted a light. Mr. Curry, suspecting nothing, got up and went to the kitchen to get a match to light the candle, but when he struck the match one of the villains struck him on the back of the head with steel knuckles several times cutting several gashes, from which blood flowed freely. Mr. Curry gave battle and if the contest had been equal would have been more than a match for his opponent. At this state of the conflict Miss Annie Curry came to the assistance of her father with the gun, but unluckily *there was no load in it*, if there had been she would have given one of the scoundrels the benefit of it. She rendered good service with the barrel of the gun for a time when her father told her to run up stairs and tell some person, naming him, to fetch down the revolver, this she proceeded to do, and as she returned down the stairs the thieves took fright and left the premises. They had no wagon in the lane and of course had no sick child, this was only a trick to get Mr. Curry up and out by himself, to make the assault.

This is an unusual occurrence in our civil neighborhood where people have been accustomed to go to rest without fear of molestation, with doors unbolted and sometimes without being closed, but since this occurrence people's fears have been aroused, doors have been closed and bolted, and where there was no bolts nails have been slipped in above the latch to prevent from raising. In some instances revolvers have been secured, and we have no doubt that if the gentlemen would be kind enough to give Mr. Curry another call he will give them a warmer reception than he was prepared to do the last time. I don't know whether Mr. Curry has any suspicions of who the persons were or not, but it is to be hoped that he may find out that they may be brought to justice and receive the reward they deserve for their doings.

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.—Something new and novel. Be sure and read the advertisement in our paper headed, "Greatest Invention of the Age." We believe the Golden Fountain Pen is unsurpassed. A good pen is a necessity to every man, woman and child. Agents, here is a chance to make money in introducing a good and saleable article. jan25-1y

The Clarion *Democrat* says that "one day last week a hand in the employ of Mr. Crisman, of Newmanville, Clarion county, was engaged in sinking a well. He had sunk it to the depth of seven feet and while out at his dinner, a lady heard a strange noise in the well; and going to ascertain the cause, found a stream of water issuing from the bottom of the well, about six inches in diameter. In a few minutes the well was full, and the adjoining lot overflowed. It still continues to flow, and quite a large run is formed, where before was dry land. The water is strongly impregnated with minerals of some kind."

WATCHES, WATCHES.—The most complete line in the city of Pittsburgh, and all the necessary attachments to the same. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market St. Pittsburgh. jet-ly

Good Fruit.—Mr. Henry Gebhring presented our employees with a basket of fine peaches and apples, on Saturday last. They desire us to express their gratitude and wishes for his health and future prosperity. May his baskets never be empty.

We invite our friends to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Orders carefully and promptly filled. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet-ly

SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE.—Our readers will not fail to examine the new advertisement of this really worthy institution that appears in our columns to-day. This school claims to fulfill all its pledges to the public and countenances no shams in any of its departments. The long experience of the Principal and his natural tact in directing the efforts of others, as well as in teaching and general management, has placed him among the first educators of the State. You may be sure that your child, son or daughter, if committed to this school will be kindly treated, and faithfully and competently instructed. District school teachers, of whom a number were in attendance last term, cannot do better than to place themselves in this vigorous and enterprising school. We learn that an architect is now preparing plans for the new buildings.

SAILOR HATS, Bird-Wings, Silk Velvets, and Velveteens, just received at Joe. M. McCreery & Co's.

A wrestling match took place on Tuesday of last week, in Pittsburgh between Rolf Wolfenden and Joseph Acton, both Englishmen. Catch as you might and shoulder-blades on the earth were the stipulations of the match, which proved to be most desperate, being prolonged until nightfall. The struggle was so fierce that both men were bruised considerably about the arms and body, and the judges were obliged at length to interfere and call the match a draw. Wolfenden then signed the articles of agreement to wrestle Joseph Cross on September 11, *for a purse of $1,000.*

For the newest and latest novelties in Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware at the lowest prices, go to *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet-ly

An exchange very truthfully remarks that a good newspaper does more towards building up a town and county than any other public institution, and gets less for it.

Justices of the Peace.—Most of our Justices of the Peace may not be aware that their neglect to make returns of the full transcripts of the criminal cases on their dockets within five days after the binding over or committal of the defendants, is a misdemeanor in office, punishable by heavy fine. See Laws of Pennsylvania for 1869, page 538; and also for 1870, page 280. Such a law is now in force in all, or nearly all, the counties in the State, and has been found very valuable, as it gives the District Attorney time to prepare the cases, and besides enables the Court to estimate the number of civil cases that can be tried, thereby saving the summoning of witnesses in cases which cannot be reached.

An Enterprising individual put in an appearance on last Saturday evening near the camp meeting grounds in Raccoon township, armed and equipped with a jug containing about three gallons of whisky. He deposited his benzine in a cornfield a short distance outside of the circle, thinking, no doubt, to run a small sized saloon on the following Sabbath. His prospective gains, were, however, suddenly blighted, for, information touching the enterprise was conveyed to the pastor in charge of the circuit, who visited the cornfield, found the jug, and "went for it" with a rock weighing something less than a half a ton. We conceive that the owner was "stricken with grief" when he returned and found his jug demolished and his whisky in the ground.

Threshing Machine Burned.—A threshing machine owned by Mr. Thomas H. Mason, "set itself" on fire last week near Ohioville and partially burned up.

WATCHES, WATCHES.—Being Agents for the sale of three Watches in the City of Pittsburgh, we are confident of our ability to please in styles and prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet-ly

BRIDGEWATER Aug. 16 '71

MR. EDITOR:—In answer to your "orange correspondent" from Carmichaels, I would say—they *must* have sold their oranges at seven for a cent, and three cents each for all beyond that proportion by which means they would each have ten cents.

The author might have made four sellers, the fourth having 70 oranges and the answer would have been the same.

J. C. H.

For The Beaver Argus.

URBANA CAMP MEETING.

MR. EDITOR:—The National Camp Meeting held in the vicinity of Urbana, O., came to a close on Thursday the 10th inst. Your correspondent having been permitted to visit the camp grounds while the meeting was in progress, proposes to write a few items in regard to the same, that may interest the readers of the ARGUS.

The National Camp Meeting Association is composed exclusively of Methodist ministers, but in the gathering at Urbana, nearly all denominations were represented. The Association held their annual meeting on the beautiful grounds of the Urbana Association, located some three miles southeast of Urbana. The grounds were purchased and improved solely for the purpose of the Association some years ago, and everything in and about them at present, seem to be specially adapted for the carrying on of the work of the laborers therein. It is situated in one of the most delightful regions of the west, the "garden of Ohio," and easily accessible by rail or stage. Within the enclosure is a small lake with minature islands in its midst. Several fountains of pure cold water are located in different portions of the enclosed camp ground, which serve to allay the thirst of the tired and weary. Tall oaks in close array furnish a green canopy, broad and spreading, beneath whose cooling shade the host of worshippers gathered to praise the Most High.

Conspicuous in the midst of the camp grounds stood the Tabernacle, the tent of worship. Its magnificent proportions expanding and towering in the majesty of excellence. It is capable of seating several thousand persons, and its usefulness in such a work is great. The principal square in which most of the services were held, was surrounded by fair looking wooden tents or barracks. The canvass tents being in the rear of the wooden structures. Everything seemed to be well arranged as regards the comfort of the sojourners in the way of eating and sleeping. Two large hotels were in full blast on the grounds besides several small eating and boarding establishments. A Bakery, meat shop, grocery and milk stand were their to supply the wants of the multitude.

The number of people in attendance was very large. Delegates from most all the States were present. It is estimated by some, that on the first Sabbath of the meeting, 20,000 people were on the grounds. There seemed to be general interest taken in the meeting by the vast multitude that was present. It was an event not soon to be forgotten, and undoubtedly it has accomplished a good work, whose influence will extend over this broad Union of ours.

Day after day, numbers continued to arrive by rail and otherwise from far and near. Twould fill volumes to notice the love feasts, revivals, prayer meetings, &c., which characterized each day so as to give those who were not in attendance a just conception of what was said and done to create a more religious feeling, and earnestness in the work of man's redemption. Suffie it to say, that a continuous out-poring of supplications, exhortations and thanksgiving from earnest hearts, floated heavenwards to the great White Throne from first to last.

The order of service observed each day was as follows: Prayer meeting at 5 o'clock in the morning; love feast at 8; preaching at ten; childrens' meeting, conducted by Mrs. Inskip, at 11 p. m.; preaching at 3; love feast again at 6, and another sermon at 8 p. m. Besides these regular services, various other devotional exercises were carried on in tents in different parts of the ground, so that at almost every hour of the day the whole encampment was engaged in solemn religious worship.

Every where a spirit of devotion existed, which displayed itself in the eloquent burning words of the minister in preaching a sermon, in the enthusiastic remarks of some soul giving earnest personal testimony of the presence of the Holy spirit in his or her heart, in the devout supplications and prayers that continually trembled on the air, in the occasional bursting forth of some heart who had just realized the beauties of a christian life, and in the *hozannahs* and songs of the whole multitude.

The most noted day of the meeting, was perhaps the last one. It then seemed as though Jehovah's spirit moved amidst the vast congregation with a power indeed. Rev. Inskip, President of the National Association, and the leading spirit of the present meeting, preached a sermon at 8 o'clock a. m. from the words; "Behold the Lamb of God that taketh away the sins of the world." The power of the fearless and eloquent speaker over the hearts of the congregation was great. At one moment, in ringing tones he bade his listeners to fall on their knees at once. The order was sudden, and took the multitude by surprise. "Down, down!" he cried, "*the spirit of the Lord* is with us." The moment seemed awful. The thousands present, silently sank to the ground, and looked toward the stand in wondrous expectation. There, with his hand stretched upwards towards the blue ether, the minister imparted the blessing of God on all. As his words fell faster and faster from his lips, and the earnest soul pleadings ascended upwards to the Throne of Grace, tears and sobs, joy and hallelujahs of praise and glorification ascended from the people.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered in the evening to thousands of the multitude, which occupied several hours. Afterwards, the congregation four abreast, preceded by the ministers, marched 3 times around the platform and place of public worship, a dense circle of human beings, of whom there may have been five thousand—*singing all the while* different songs of praise, which was necessarily the case in such an immense circle, and at the conclusion, as the Rev. Inskip in fervent tones implored the Divine blessing on all, and gave the benediction, the immense audience responded, Amen, Amen, Amen!

An effort was being made when your correspondent left the grounds, to secure the next annual meeting of the National Association at the same place where it was now held, but with whatsuccess I have not learned. An incident occurred during the meeting, that created quite a sensation in the worshippers assembled. The venerable Bishop Morris, whose pious useful and blameless life is the admiration of all, in speaking of his religious experience, acknowledged that he had never experienced the fullness of sanctification. GALEN.

Columbus, O., Aug. 13, 1871.

SAILOR HATS, Bird-Wings, Silk Velvets, and Velveteens just received at Joe. McCreery & Co's.

More Pole—Apologetic.—From the tone of the article that appears in the ARGUS of the 16th, of August, it is quite evident that my last article offended my friend J. H. C. and put him very much out of humor. I beg leave, in all sincerity to apologise for offending him, and also to acknowledge that I did wrong in simply *presuming* on his good nature. I said, or more properly *wrote*, in a perfectly placid mental condition that which I thought would certainly be received in the same good humor that it was given.

Further: My friend J. H. C. does not seem to apprehend my questions fully, nor the object I have in asking them. I will not explain my object now further than to say negatively that *I do not ask him for an analysis* of his pole problem; *nor for any explanation* whatever in relation to it, beyond what may be involved in *direct* answers to my four questions.

Will J. H. C. give direct answers to my questions, or does he positively decline to answer them explicity and directly?

G. L. E.

Replication.—In reply to Dr. R. T. Taylor's call for the names of those ministers, members of the Beaver county Ministerial Association who favor moderate drinking, and for a full report of the arguments used, the Secretary extends an invitation to Dr. Taylor and to all ministers who feel an interest in the cause of temperance, to meet with the Association on the 24th instant, at 2 p. m. at the Presbyterian Church in Beaver; when doubtless there will be time after the discussion chosen for that meeting; "The state of the soul between death and the judgment" to resume the question; "The churches duty upon the subject of temperance." The Dr. will then have an opportunity to defend the total abstinence side of the question and to hear the views of its opponents, and the Secretary will if the Association permits, *give a full report of the discussion* to the Beaver county papers for publication.

JOHN H. AGNEW,
Sec'y Beaver Co., Min. Ass'n.

More Problems.—A resident of Greene county, not having the fear of the mathematical Nemesis before his eyes, has ventured to take unwarranted liberty with my initials, and in the *Argus* of August 16th, proposes a problem for solution that certainly is a *pro-poser*. It is this:—"Three market women having 10, 30 and 50 oranges, sold them at the same rates, and each received the same amount for her oranges. What were the rates at which the oranges were sold, and how many did each receive?"

This is undoubtedly an original problem, and one that will require "much mental labor," and also some muscular exertion to solve it.

I propose one that involves precisely the same principals of analysis that *Carmichael's* does, but is vastly more abstruse, and consequently will require much more labor to solve it. My problem is this:—One lady complained to another because her visits were so infrequent and remarked:—"If I lived no further from you than you live from me, I would go to see you oftener than you go to see me."

How much further did the one lady live from the other than the other lived from the one, and how many times per month oftener did the one visit the other than the other visited the one?

The only real difference between the problems is that Carmichael's, has *three market women* in it, and mine has one lady and another; and in his, rate has origen to deal with, and in mine, distances.

As it generally happens that the more women there are in anything, the more difficult it is to manage, Carmichael's problem will probably be found fust fifty per cent. harder to solve than mine.

G. L. E.

Personal.—We had a call from our friend, Prof. A. Benter, the other day, and are glad to know that the people of New Brighton appreciate him as a teacher of the piano forte, it speaks well for their musical taste. As an artist on the piano, we think he has no rival in this community, and few, if any in the city. He will be prepared to take a few pupils in Rochester by the first of September, his time being limited (teaching at Dr. R. T. Taylor's Seminary four days in the week. Any parties wishing information should address to Beaver, Pa.

Murder.—On Monday night, of last week, a colored blooded murder was committed in Titusville by a man named John McDonald. His victim was an old man some fifty-five years of age, named George Thompson, of Sunbrik, N. Y., where he has a family residing. McDonald and Hetherton met at a saloon, near the railroad, and for some reason soon began quarreling, but were separated by bystanders, who supposed he had stopped a serious fight; as McDonald had already displayed a knife, threatening to stab Hetherton. In a few moments, however, the parties were together again, and immediately clinched, and struck rapidly at each other. Suddenly Hetherton relaxed his hold, and walking away a short distance, fell down and died in a few moments. An examination showed that McDonald had stabbed him in the left breast with a knife or dirk, one of the wounds penetrating the heart. Either of the wounds were sufficient to cause death. Jesse was gave himself up to the officers, and was placed in the lock-up, where he was interviewed by *the reporter of the Courier*, and gave the following version of the fatal affray:

Without any provocation, the victim had been seeking a quarrel with him in Warner's saloon. He, the prisoner, had started a little before ten o'clock to go home, when he stepped out, and seizing him by the throat, threw him to the sidewalk. On arising, the victim again seized him, when the prisoner called upon outsiders to assist him, fearing an assassin, he proceeded to defend himself, the best he could. The murder was the result. He expresses great sorrow at the unfortunate affair, and during the interview his eyes were suffused with tears.

Democratic Convention—The "unterrified" Democracy, met in convention at the Court House, in Beaver, on Monday last and nominated the following ticket:

Assembly.—W. B. Dunlap.
Associate Judge.—Marmaduke Wilson.
Treasurer.—Wm. B. Hurst.
District Att'y.—J. H. McCreery.
Commissioner.—Jesse Carothers.
Poor House Director.—Nicholas Todd.
Auditor.—John A. Russell for 1 year.
Auditor.—Wm. Thompson for 3 years.
Surveyor.—Daniel Daugherty.
Trustees of Academy.—J. E. Jackson and Patrick Mulvannon.

MR. EDITOR:—In the published proceedings of the Ministerial Association, (or more properly, as I think, Ministers' Association), it was stated that some of its members advocated moderate drinking. Some of us consulted together as to the best method to correct this statement, and concluded to wait till the next meeting and have the correction appear with the report of its proceedings. We thought in case no one was we regarded the matter as simply a misapprehension. Unfortunately we who had agreed upon this course were absent from the last meeting, and the correction was not attended to. Had it appeared outside of our proceedings, I would probably have left it to others to notice or not as seemed best to them.

The facts are—at the close of our meeting, when the next essayist had been appointed, he was notified by a member that there would be a diversity of views among us, some regarding all alcoholic liquors, including wine, as *malum in se*, whilst others would act on the apostle's rule, "Another remarked: no one would hold alcohol to be *malum in se*, but 19 be refrained from because of its injurious results. Another replied I hold it to be *malum in se*. There and thus the conversation ended. Not a word was uttered on the subject of temperance, of any kind, but simply in regard to the basis of discuse. There is not a member of our association who believes in the use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage, nor who countenances any kind of drinks, even ales or beers; but, probably, we do differ on the principle on which we would plead for abstinence.

I notice in your last number a card signed R. T. Taylor in regard to this matter. I did not know, till I saw this card, that our association was of so much consequence that even the private opinions of its members were of public importance—nor can I very well understand the *logic* that makes it *due* to the ministers outside the association to have *full* reports of any discussion. In this case however, I have no doubt, it will be found true that where there is no *explicit* there will be no *interest*.

D. H. A. MCLEANE.

Beaver, August 17th, 1871.

Fair and Festival.—Class No. 9 of the Beaver Presbyterian Sabbath School will hold a Fair and Festival in the Grand Jury room of the Court House, Thursday evening, August 24th, 1871. Proceeds for the benefit of the Sabbath School. Come one, come all.

For the Beaver Argus.

A Hymn to the Savior.

ACROSTIC.

A—sinner, saved by grace alone,
Upward looks unto thy throne.
Give, O I give a grateful heart;
Hope and joy and peace impart.
Earthly treasures are but dross,
Yea, I count them all but loss
Savior, give thyself to me.
I do give myself to thee,
Ransomed by my Savior's blood;
(Oh! how loved, loved thy Son of God!)
Night and day I'll sing thy praise.

For thy love, in endless lays,
Unborn millions yet shall sing
Round the throne of Christ their King;
None but Christ shall be their theme;
Alleluia, praise his name!
CHORUS.
Come thou blessed Savior, come,
Ever make my heart thy home.

WYANDOTTE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, on and after May 6th, and until the 1st of September, the County Commissioners will meet at their office in the borough of Beaver, only on Saturdays of each week. [mar.tf] JOHN M'GOUN, *Clerk.*

Congressman McClelland—Accommodation Train—Blairsville, Indiana, Court Houses, Churches, &c.

INDIANA PA., Aug. 16, 1871.

While stopping at the Union Depot Hotel on my way hither, I accidentally met Capt. McClelland the genial representative in Congress from our district. Just now I am reminded of a statement that I saw in a paper that the Democracy in some town had lately given their M. C. a cool reception because he had endorsed the "new departure." I am only sorry that I do not recall the name of the town for any place that could treat such a pleasant gentleman coolly derives immortality. You leave Pittsburgh at 4:20 on the Johnstown Accommodation to reach this town at nine, or half past nine, a distance of seventy miles. Just think of it in your shady sanctum—think of spending five mortal hours in an accommodation train with the mercury towering up among the nineties. I mean a *real* accommodation that stops on the slightest indication that a basket of potatoes or tomatoes is growing about the spot or that there will be a town there in the next fifty years. The fog is so heavy in our accommodation train making but a single stop from Rochester to Pittsburgh are utterly unfitted to enjoy a ride on one of these trains.

At the intersection we were transferred to another train and taken to Blairsville, a place formerly of some aspirations but of little enterprise for many years. The Conemaugh which you cross before entering this town is so low as in fact are all the streams in this section. Indeed there is complaint that the dry weather is affecting the potato crop. The view of Laurel Hill and other spurs of the Alleghenies caught by the traveler is beautiful indeed and he longs for a nearer approach to their smoky summits. One never wearies, I think of gazing out upon these giant hills. Can we wonder then that the Swiss are so much in love with their magnificent scenery compared with which our boldest is tame?

Indiana, the county seat of Indiana county, is beautifully located in a fine farming country, and the nearest town of any importance to a considerable lumber district to the north, which does much to sustain its trade. Rhuna popularion of about four thousand and claims to have one of the best Court Houses in the State, which claim I think, is a just one. It is built of brick with heavy pilasters and buttresses and has a foundation and trimmings of dressed Freeport stone. The front projection is supported by four beautiful columns of the Corinthian order of architecture. It has a mansard roof and in the tower is placed the town clock whose strokes may be heard over the country around. The Court House is handsomely frescoed, and ornamented with statuary of the same character, and the windows are of the most costly of stained glass. The whole cost was nearly two hundred thousand dollars. The city fathers are just requiring that the foot pavements be made twelve feet in width. Would it not be well if our council to whom we are so much indebted of late should in our principal street at least which is such a magnificent avenue give us a pavement broad enough for two of three to walk abreast, and without requiring them to clamber over all the cellar doors, and door steps on the street? The churches of the town are *some of them* substantial, but most are very old style and some really uncomfortable and uninviting. Perhaps it is too early for us to so recently modernized our churches to uphraid others.

This is the home of Gen. Harry White, whose detention as a prisoner in Richmond so long enabled the Democrats of the Pennsylvania Senate of which he was a member, to block the wheels of government for several months in the early history of the war. He seems to be much respected here.

YORN, &c.

THE latest and best styles of Jewelry, in all its various branches, to be found at *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet-ly

RELIGIOUS.

Anathema Maran-atha!

MR. EDITOR:—Flavel one day preaching from 1 Cor. xvi chapter, 22 verse, "If any man love not the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be Anathema Maranatha," which means, cursed with a curse, cursed of God with a bitter and grievous curse. At the conclusion, he arose to pronounce the benediction, he paused and said: "How shall I bless this whole assembly, when every person in it who loves not the Lord Jesus Christ is Anathema Maran-atha!" The discourse of this well known Puritan was unusually solemn, particularly the explanation of the words above. In the congregation was a lad, named Luke Short, then about 15 years of age, who shortly after sailed to America, where he passed the rest of his life. Mr. Short's life was lengthened much beyond the usual term. When a hundred years old, he had sufficient strength to work on his farm, and his mental faculties were very little impaired; but hitherto he had lived a sinner. One day, as he sat in the field, he thought upon his past life. Recurring to the events of his youth, Mr. Flavel's discourse came to his mind—the preacher's solemn warning, and the important truth he delivered. God's spirit strove with the aged sinner, conviction was followed by repentance, and he became one who loved the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity and truth. Eighty-five years passed after the seed was sown before it sprung up and brought forth fruit. Let ministers take encouragement: "In due season ye shall reap, if ye faint not."

"Sow in the morn thy seed;
At eve hold not thy hand;
To doubt and fear give thou no heed,
Broad-cast it o'er the land."

CERTAINLY.

New Advertisements.

BEAVER SEMINARY
AND
Musical Institute.
Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, D. D., Principal.
OPENS ITS
Seventeenth Annual Session Sept. 12.

Beautiful Grounds suited for out door exercise and recreation.
Cheerful Room, well furnished and ventilated, opened with grates.
Principal's Family includes all teachers and pupils from abroad, rendering the Seminary a real home for all.
Vocal and instrumental Music has been made a specialty for years. This was the first institution in the West to open a special Musical Department. Two Organs and ten Pianos, one full-sized Chickering Grand, give ample opportunity for practice.
COURSE OF STUDY—English and Classical more extensive than in most Female Colleges. Painting and Drawing taught by a skilful artist.
Two Buildings, on opposite sides of the street, in fine repair, afford opportunities for both sexes and for brothers and sisters to sit at the same table and in the same recitation room, the only literary distinction allowed, the departments being entirely distinct. For twelve years the present Principal has been in charge of the school, and it is safe to say that wherever it is known it is favorably known and that it has the fullest confidence of thoughtful men.
DANIEL AGNEW.
aug 23-3w. *Pres't. Board of Trustees.*

Scott's Peerless Washing Compound.

EMANCIPATION OF OUR WIVES AND DAUGHTERS.

THE DRUDGERY OF THE WASH TUB ABOLISHED.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

The following testimony from substantial and well-known residents of this community:

We do hereby certify that we have used the washing fluid prepared by Mr. Scott, and that it fully meets all that is claimed for it; removing the dirt easily for wash boards, washing machines, or rubbing; largely economizing time, labor, and money, and saving the wear and tear of clothing incidental to the old process. We most cheerfully recommend its use to the public.

Mrs. Thomas McCreery, Mrs. J. S. Rutan, Mrs. C. M. McNutt, Mrs. Joseph Hall, Beaver, Pa.
A. P. Lacock, Freedom, Pa.
Mrs. Dr. J. B. Coffin, Mrs. J. Y. Marks, Mrs. M. Miller, Mrs. Dr. Johnston, Mrs. Dr. Marquis, Mrs. S. Reno, R. Doncaster, O. R. Coe, Rochester, Pa.
Mrs. Wm. Bickerstaff, Mrs. W. G. Taylor, Orpheans' Home, Phillipsburg, Pa.
Mrs. M. G. Berry, Miss Sarah Fowler, Baden, Pa.
Mrs. Thomas Dunn, Mrs. Capt. Whitfield, Remington Station, Pa.
Mrs. S. B. Marks, St. Louis, Mo.
Miss Belle Arbuckle, East Liverpool, Ohio.

It economizes time, reducing the labor of a day to that of an hour; it economizes strength, as it obviates the drudgery of the wash-tub; it economizes money in wasting labor, soap and clothing a clearness and whiteness absolutely unattainable by all other *process*; it will not *Fade, Rot, or in any way injure the color or texture of the cloth.*

Our Agents are authorized to refund the money wherever it fails to come up to these representations. Consult your interest and give it one fair trial.

FOR SALE BY

S. Sniger & Co., Beaver; Mr. Lowry, Freedom; Speyerer & Sons, James Alexander, Whisler & Llambright, Rochester; A. Knepper, Phillipsburg; Hiram Reed, J. W. Hawes, Dunlap and Evared, New Brighton; D. Smith, C. Biddle, Bridgeden; and in all the leading Groceries throughout the country.

The article can be obtained from me, at Rochester, Beaver Co., Pa., at 30 cents per gallon, wholesale. It is retailed at 40 cents.

D. L. ANDERSON, *Agent.*
Aug. 23d-3m. Rochester, Pa.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

To be awarded at the Eighteenth Annual Fair of the Beaver County Agricultural Society to be held at Beaver, Pa., September 27th, 28th and 29th, 1871.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT—JAMES DARRAGH.
VICE PRESIDENTS—JOHN GREBING, Sr., D. PATTON, A. P. LACOCK.
RECORDING SECRETARY—THOMAS O. ANSHUTZ.
CORRESPONDING SECRETARY—WM. S. BARCLAY.
TREASURER—J. N. ATKINS.
MANAGERS—*East Side*—H. REED, S. NAGAW, C. B. HURST, JOHN BAXTER, HENRY METZ, Sr. *West Side*—W. A. LAIRD, D. M. DONEHOO, SAMUEL WALTON, D. O. C. PATTERSON, NICHOLAS TODD. *South Side*—B. SWEARINGEN, SAMUEL PATTERSON, W. EWING, ALEX. ANDERSON, Jr., JOSEPH A. FLEMING.

TROTTING AND PACING RACES.

FIRST DAY.

Trotting match, (county), mile heats, best three in five; go as they please. Four or more entries to make a race, three to start. Ten per cent. entrance fee.

First premium	$15 00
Second premium	7 00
Third premium	3 00

Time of race, 3 o'clock, p. m.

Pacing match, (county), mile heats, best three in five; go as they please. Four or more entries to make a race, three to start. Ten per cent. entrance fee.

First premium	$15 00
Second premium	7 00
Third premium	3 00

Time of race between heats of trotting race. Horses that have beaten 3:6 cannot compete in the above races.

SECOND DAY.

Trotting match, (county), mile heats, best three in five; go as they please, to rule.

First premium	$15 00
Second premium	7 00
Third premium	3 00

Four entries to make a race, three to start. Entrance fee ten per cent. Time of race, 2 o'clock, p. m.

Pacing match, (county), mile heats, best three in five; go as they please, to rule.

First premium	$15 00
Second premium	7 00
Third premium	3 00

Four entries to make a race. Ten per cent. entrance fee to be divided between heats of trotting races. Horses competing for these races must have been owned and kept in the county for thirty days previous to the race, and will not be allowed to compete for the smaller premiums.

THIRD DAY.

Trotting match. Competition open to all horses. Premium $300.

First premium	$200 00

(Continued from First Page.)

gro shall be free, and prefer that he shall vote, and they will faithfully protect him in all these civil rights. Those who object are exceptions to the rule. The Northern Democrats have more prejudice against negro emancipation and suffrage that Southerners, and the present generation will never admit that either was right. But long after it was written as plain as noonday that the nation can take no step backward on the issues of the war, they have finally decided that they will philosophically endure what they can't cure. They have, therefore, abandoned dead issues long after they were dead, just as the Whigs abandoned the United States Bank, the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands, and the annexation of Texas, which they believed to have been accomplished by means, and just as the South accepts the painful but logical results of Gettysburg and Appomattox. Most of them will always believe that the war was waged against them unjustly and unconstitutionally by the Government; but they were vanquished, and accept the consequences. The action of the Democratic party this year, through its State Conventions, has made it impossible for the issues of the war ever to be reviewed before the people in a national contest, and it is the crowning fruition of the great struggle for free Government.

THE ISSUES OF THE WAR SETTLED.

Rep.—Then you regard all the issues of the war as settled?

M'C.—Yes, they are forever settled, and never will again be agitated before the people, and the supreme Democratic stupidity of 1861 and 1868 can never be repeated to convulse the country. The next national struggle will be fought on new and living issues, which can and will be considered on their merits, without the apprehensions that any of the results of the war may be sacrificed.

THE MAIN ISSUES IN 1872.

Rep.—What will be the main issues in 1872?

M'C.—They are plainly marked already, but circumstances may essentially modify them before the party deliverances are made. Just now the Republican leaders would declare for the present violent and disturbing policy a class of desperate and most unworthy politicians are forcing upon the South in the shape of force bills. They are the fruitful source of discord and disorder in the Southern States, as nearly, if not quite, every reputable Republican in those States testifies; but they are persisted in to carry out the impossible programme of controling the elections by martial law and bayonets, instead of aiming to deserve the confidence of the country. Just now Amnesty would be denied a place in the Republican platform, although nine-tenth of the patriotic people North and South regard it as the harbinger of perfect and lasting peace. Just now the odious and inquisitorial income tax would be allowed to remain an issue by the Republicans, and a swarm of needless revenue officials be kept in place to squander the taxes; and the policy of imposing needless and oppressive burdens upon the crippled industry and energy of the country would be approved, to show a large reduction of the public debt. These are the issues which now present themselves, and how far they are to be modified will depend upon the wisdom of the Republicans in the next National Convention. The Democrats have confessed their suicidal folly and advanced their standard. If the Republicans do not advance to meet the necessities of the times, they will be defeated.

A REPUBLICAN "NEW DEPARTURE."

Rep.—Then you consider a Republican new departure as essential to success of the party?

M'C.—*The nation demands a new departure*, and the party that best respects the supreme national want will triumph in 1872. The great demand of the country, irrespective of party associations, is for a square departure from the convulsions of the war to the calm, conservative measures of peace; from the violence and usurpations of military power to the entire supremacy of civil authority; from oppressive tax laws and needless tax gatherers to sufficient revenues, honestly and economically administered, to maintain the national credit and meet the legitimate expenses of the government; from the logic of bayonets and force laws in elections to an honest appeal to the integrity and intelligence of an untrammelled people; in short, there must be an entire departure from the irritating and oppressive dregs of war to all the attributes of peace. This is the great national want, and the Democrats have, reluctantly perhaps, but positively, advanced to meet it. If the Republican party fail to advance with the necessities of the country, it will repeat the suicidal policy so strangely exemplified by the Democracy in the past.

Rep.—Did you believe that the Republicans will recognize such a necessity?

M'C.—Upon the surface of political affairs it does not just now look as if they would; but when it is considered that the ablest and most respectable statesmen of the party, in and out of Congress, have already faithfully proclaimed the danger to the party, I am hopeful that they will so prevail with those in power as to make the administration and the party advance, as it has ever done in the past, to meet the patriotic demands of the nation. Of course it cannot be done if St Domingo jobbers, and office holders, and office hunters, and brokers, and gift bearers control the policy of the next Republican National Convention; but I think that the extreme and patent peril of the party will so awaken all classes of Republicans, as the convention draws near, that they will compel deference to the popular will. With such trusted leaders as Sumner, Wilson, Patterson, Fenton, Trumbull, Logan, Schurz, Blaine, Curtain, Geary, Kelly, and others to raise their voices, as they will, the Republican party may, and I trust will, be saved from defeat, and, what is still worse than defeat—dishonor.

GEN. GRANT AND THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

Rep.—Do you regard Grant as certain to be the candidate?

M'C.—It looks very much now as if he would, but future events may make a change so clearly necessary as to effect it. He has lost the main elements of popular strength which gave him such a decided triumph in '68. Then his election was demanded in the name of peace; now it would be opposed in the name of peace. Instead of amnesty and tranquility in the South, we have disorder, among the people and violent and revolutionary enactments, all in the interest of the most shameful and most widely execrated political adventurers who ever cursed a country. But few indeed—I know of none—outside of those immediately interested in his personal success desire him as the Republican candidate. Very many of our best Republicans would support him with great reluctance, if at all. The Republican State ticket in Pennsylvania is in peril to-day, mainly by the load of Grant's renomination in '72, which was unwittingly incorporated in the platform. The leaders of the convention unanimously agreed, in the Committee of Resolutions, that they dare not venture to declare for Grant's renomination, and no reference to the next candidacy was made in the report; but an ambitious office expectant, sick with hope deferred, precipitated it upon the convention in the shape of an amendment to the report, and it had to be voted in or voted down. It would have been dangerous to some of the managers to vote it down, and it had to be accepted. In order to save the Republican ticket in the State, it is carefully announced in all sections that the resolution was a trick and is meaningless, for all know that if the issue was fairly made on Grant just now, the State would be lost by thousands. As it is, it may be lost under apprehension that if the State is carried it will be claimed as deciding the renomination of Grant next year. If Pennsylvania should be lost this fall, I take it that Grant could not be renominated; and even if it is carried, it is possible that the premonitions of defeat may make the party break through the lines of office holders and present an available candidate. Should he accept the advanced measures demanded by the people, he might be nominated acceptably and receive the united Republican support, which would elect him; but that would involve the surrender of St. Domingo, the restoration of Sumner, the abandonment of force laws which now disturb the South, a change in the whole financial policy, and, above all, some reasonable deference to the popular will of the party. How far he is likely to advance in these measures, I cannot judge. It seems clear that only under a sense of imperative necessity will he do so. Whether he will appreciate that necessity is the problem to be solved, and in its solution is embraced the issue of his renomination possibly, certainly the issue of his re-election. Without such a departure by the administration, the Democrats could hardly commit such stupendous follies as to render Grant's success possible.

SUCCESS "EVEN WITH GRANT."

Rep.—Then you regard success within the reach of the Republicans in 1872, even with Grant?

M'C.—Yes; the Republicans have an undoubted majority of the votes of the country, and they can elect any candidate who fairly represents their views. Grant could be elected, as I have stated, and I should vote for him cheerfully if he advances in harmony with the palpable demands of the nation. I do not by any means despair of Republican success in 1872, but I believe that those who honestly criticize the blunders of power, rather than the sycophants who are ever ready to mislead others for their personal profit, must give it success.

M'CLURE AND THE PRESIDENT.

Rep.—What are your personal relations with Grant?

M'C.—We have never had any difficulty. I have never had a conference with him since his inauguration, as I had no favors to ask.

Rep.—Have you not asked or suggested a Cabinet appointment for this State since Curtin went abroad?

M'C.—No, I did not. I have been frequently conferred with on the subject by prominent Republicans both in and out of the State, but have uniformly said that I had no candidate to urge. One gentleman was once suggested, whose appointment I would have approved, but I do not know that anything was done in Washington about it.

PENNSYLVANIA AND THE CABINET.

Rep.—Would a proper Cabinet Officer from this State improve things politically?

M'C.—I do not know. It is a serious mistake to suppose the office or patronage would make the Republicans harmonize with the Administration. Those who are most decided in their opposition are men who would not accept any position. They have fought the battles of the Republican party through evil and good report without reward or the desire for preferment, and all they ask is that the party shall keep its record stainless, and administer the Government wisely in obedience to the wishes of the organization. What they complain of all the plunder of the administration would not change, nor could it modify their views or actions.

TIRED OF POLITICS.

Rep.—Do you intend to take part in the campaign this year?

M'C.—No. Since the issues of the war are definitely settled I feel no special interest in politics. I shall vote for deserving Republicans when I find them on the ticket, and vote against those who are not deserving; but beyond that I will not take part in the contest. In Presidential elections I shall always take sufficient interest to participate more or less actively, and I would be glad to render any service to movements looking to substantial reform in our State and city policy. Both need it badly, and both must get it before long.

KING SIMON HAS SUPREME POWER.

Rep.—Will Cameron be nominated for the Vice Presidency.

M'C.—No. The movement was a mistake, and no man can better appreciate a blunder than Cameron. He declined for reasons as obvious to the public as to himself.

Will he likely be re-elected Senator?

He might be if the Republicans control the Legislature. He has a great fondness for public position, and great aptness for obtaining it when a Legislature is to confer it. That his power is supreme in the Republican party, through his personal influence and the immense patronage of Grant, which is entirely at his disposal, is not questioned. How much it has already cost the party is visible to all—how much it may cost the party hereafter I do not pretend to say. I look for him, however, to do some good for the Republicans for 1872. He will be against Grant's renomination as things are now, and will do much to straighten up the party. He has the real faculty of ruining Grant, and using his patronage to create a man to beat him, and by the time Grant discovers it the few old clothes he will have left will not be worth picking up. A losing candidate for President would lose Pennsylvania and the next Senatorship, and no man knows better than Cameron how not to lose when he is personally interested. He will subordinate everything to personal success in Pennsylvania, and in that struggle he will come in contact with Geary, who is carefully surveying the field, and is not idle.

Rep.—What would be the effect of a Republican defeat in 1872?

M'C.—The Republican party would thenceforth live only in history.

Rep.—I have seen your name mentioned as a candidate for Senator against Connell. Is it done with your approval?

M'C.—No, I have never entertained such a proposition. I regard Mr. Connell as one of the most efficient and faithful legislators this city has ever had, and I would vote for him against any man in the district. But if he was not a candidate, and I could be elected without a contest, I would not accept the position.

The foregoing was submitted to Col. M'Clure after it had been prepared, and is an authentic expression of his views on the questions presented.—REP.

DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, a well-known medicine, prepared by the great lung doctor whose name it bears, is a trophy won to science whose merits are acknowledged by thousands of our best citizens. When we look around and see the thousands who have been cured by its almost miraculous power, we cannot but wonder at the careless neglect which swells the list of those who die annually of pulmonary consumption. In its early stages *Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure* is a specific; in its last stages it will alleviate and often cure. 187 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Doctor Keyser, and he will send four bottles securely boxed by express, with full directions how to use it.

—On Thursday evening, at Rockford, Illinois, a negro named Smith committed a rape on the person of the daughter of Rev. E. M. Walters, aged eleven. The excitement is high, and there is talk of lynching the beast.

Miscellaneous.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Known TO MAN.

LINDSEY'S Improved Blood Searcher,

FOR THE CURE OF

All diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. Cures Ulcers, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Debility, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Salt Rheum, Mercurial Diseases, and, in short, is the best Spring and Summer Medicine ever offered to the public.

TRY IT,

and be convinced. It is a purely vegetable preparation, compounded from the finest Roots, Herbs and Leaves, which Nature has provided for the ills of man. Not a single grain of mineral composition, so that while it affords relief, and effects the most wonderful cures, no over dose could injure the most tender infant. This Medicine is for sale by all Druggists, everywhere.

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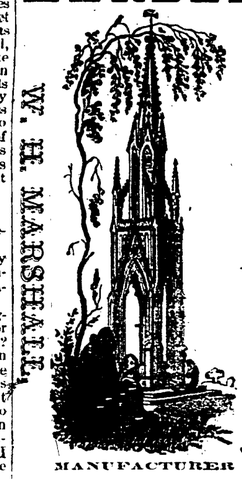

MANUFACTURER OF MONUMENTS, Head and Foot Stones.

We keep on hand in our ware room, the largest selection of finished work than all the other works in the county combined; which prices persons desiring to erect a Monument or Head Stone to their departed friends, a better opportunity to select a suitable Monument or Head Stones than elsewhere. We will guarantee the the workmanship, and the prices cannot be beat in the State.

We would respectfully invite persons wishing Marble Work, to call and see our work before purchasing elsewhere, and satisfy themselves.

Also, Grind Stones,
at 1 cent 1½ and 2 cents per pound,
and all the new style fixtures to hang stones, at reasonable prices. apr12:6m.

BOGGS & BUHL

Black Alpacas

At 25, 37½, 50, 62½, and 75 cents per yard.

Having purchased a large lot of

Black Alpacas and Pure Mohairs

At a great bargain, we will sell them positively at 10 to 15 cents per yard less than same goods, can be had elsewhere.

Summer Dress Goods

At customers own prices, to make room for Fall goods.

Good Yard Wide

BROWN SHEETING 10 CENTS.

Extra quality Canton Flannel 12½ cents.

Men and Boys' Wear,

AT BARGAIN PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail.

128 FEDERAL STREET,

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J. B. SNEAD

Has now in operation a new

SAW AND PLANING MILL

IN FREEDOM, PA.,

Having the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of

FLOORING,
SIDING,
LATH, &C., &C.,

and is now prepared to attend to the building and repairing of

Steamboats, Barges, Flats, &c., &c.

Keeping constantly on hand a superior quality of Lumber. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. All orders promptly executed [aug2-1y.

WHOLESALE BOOTS AND SHOES.

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BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT A VERY LOW PRICES.

AT

H. CHILDS & CO.
133 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.

A large stock of Nailed Brogans, for Miners and Furnace Men, constantly on hand, which we sell from 10 to 20 cents per pair below the usual market rates. [ly:28-3m

BEAVER SEMINARY & INSTITUTE
Will Open its Fall Session
September 12, 1871.

It has added to its Curriculum, a

Teachers' Course,

Designed especially for Common School Teachers, to whose interest special attention will henceforth be given. Also, a

NORMAL COURSE,

Suitable for those who would make teaching a profession, and fit themselves for the highest grade, or Principalship, of our Union Schools.

Young men are given a **Business Education**, or fitted for **College.**

Send to **Rev. R T. TAYLOR** for the new Catalogue. [jel4:3m

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COLD WATER SOAP,

Washes in cold cowarm, hard or soft water, saves time and labor, and makes clothes beautifully white and clean. It washes out oil, grease and stains, and is guaranteed not to injure the finest fabrics. NO BOILING is required. It is excellent for the skin, and is the BEST SOAP IN USE, for all household purposes.

Manufactured by Reed & Johnston, Pittsburgh, and sold by grocers generally. aug9-4w

Miscellaneous.

HENRY LAPP,

Dealer in all kinds of Furniture,

LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAMES,

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The largest stock in Beaver county constantly on hand, and selling at the very lowest prices. Coffins and Hearses provided at the shortest notice. Having a large stock of all kinds of furniture on hand, and wishing to make room for fall and winter work, I have reduced my prices accordingly. may24-6m

HAVING Permanently located in the village of Zelienople, Pa., for the purpose of practicing Medicine, I respectfully tender my professional services to the citizens of said village and vicinity. Office, in residence, opposite Eagle Hotel, where I shall always be found, unless professionally engaged. All calls will receive immediate and prompt attention. A. V. CUNNINGHAM, M. D. sep23:1y]

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AND

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Of Hartford, Conn.,
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Losses paid to Jan. 1, 1871....$28,000,000
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NIAGARA Insurance Co.,
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ANDES FIRE INS. CO.,
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ENTERPRISE INS. CO.,
Of Philadelphia.
Cash assetts over.....$600,000

LANCASTER Fire Ins. Co.
Of Lancaster, Pa.
Cash assetts.....$240,000

ALPS INSURANCE CO.,
Of Erie, Penna.
Cash capital.....$250,000

HOME LIFE INS. CO,
Of New York.
Cash assetts.....$3,500,000

Travelers' Life & Accident Insurance Co.,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash assetts over.....$1,500,000.

Representing the above first class Insurance Companies, solicits a share of the public patronage, and most reliable in the world, and representing a gross cash capital of nearly $16,000,000, I am enabled to take Insurance to any amount desired. Applications promptly attended to, and Policies written without delay, and at fair rates and liberal terms. *Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.* INSURE N' PAY! By one's delay you may lose the savings of years. Delays are dangerous, and life uncertain; therefore, Insure *to-day.* "*Call to-day, a month hence to-morrow.*" Quality, also, is of the utmost importance. The low priced, worthless article, always proves the dearest. The above companies are known to be amongst the best and wealthiest in the world.—"As ye sow that shall you reap."

Grateful for the very liberal patronage already bestowed, I hope—by a strict attention to a legitimate business—not only to merit a continuence of the same, but a large increase the present year.

Mr. STEPHEN A. CRAIG is duly authorized to take applications for Insurance and receive the premium for the same in adjoining townships.

CHAS. B. HURST.
Near Depot, Rochester, Pa. [je14:1y.

BEAVER LADIES' SEMINARY.

THE NEXT SESSION will open SEPTEMBER 12th, 1871, and will be continued for *five* months.

I have concluded to have *two* sessions in the year, of five months each, instead of three of three months each, as heretofore.

Many of our best schools are returning to this division of time, and with decided advantage to the pupil. It saves nearly a month of time now lost in vacations and arranging of classes, and gives time to complete in one session many studies now interrupted by the three-term arrangement. The cost is the same—a pupil now paying $10, a session for three sessions, will pay $15, a session for two sessions.

A full corps of experienced teachers will be employed, and our aim will be to secure thoroughness in every branch of study. Pupils in music will be received who do not enter as pupils in other branches, and we hope for even more than our usual success in this department for the coming year.

As the Academy has been closed, I will arrange for the accommodation of all boys and young men preparing for business or for College. As we offer a choice of studies to those not intending to graduate, teachers, and those intending to teach, can select the branches *specially* needed for their work.

For Catalogue, or Circular, send to
D. H. A. McLEAN, *Prin.*
Beaver, July 19, 1871.—tf

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of William Richards, deceased, late of Rochester township, Beaver county, Pa., this is to notify all persons indebted to said estate that immediate payment is expected. All those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, to Mrs. LUCY A. JOHNSTON, *Adm'x.* jy12;6w

Homes Still Larger
FOR THE MILLION!

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Two full Courses. Classical & Scientific

Each four years. Yearly expense to the student, $300 to $350. For information, address

PRESIDENT HAYS,
Washington, Penn'a.
jel:3m

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

JAMES H. WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the fifteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

F. JORDAN,
Sec'y. of the Commonwealth.
Office Sec'y. of the Commonwealth,
Harrisburg, July 5th, '71.
July19-3m.

Rowell & Co.'s Advertisements.

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J. J. PATTERSON, A. M., } *Principals.*

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FEMALE COLLEGE, Bordentown, N. J., furnishes the best educational advantages, together with a pleasant home. Board and Tuition, $308 per year. For Catalogues, address Rev. J. H. BRAKELEY, Pin. D.

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Each Case containing One Bottle of OLD PALE BRANDY, OLD RYE WHISKEY, FINE OLD PORT, HOLLAND GIN, OLD PALE SHERRY, OLD BOURBON. Guaranteed Pure, and of the very best Quality.

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COUNSELS ON THE NATURE AND HYGIENE OF THE MASCULINE FUNCTION. By DR. NAPHEYS, author of "*The Physical Life of Woman.*" Relates to *the male sex*; is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly. Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory. Terms liberal. Price $2. Address for contents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

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ROBT. CARSON, ALEX. CARSON.

R. & A. CARSON,

Wholesale and retail dealers in groceries and country produce, foreign and domestic wines and gins, Monongahela, rectified, rye whiskey, &c. No. 81 Federal street, opposite P. Ft. W. & C. R. W., Allegheny city. [ly5-1y

SPECIAL NOTICE

ELLIPTIC SEWING MACHINE OFFICE,
17 *Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.*

Good, reliable men, of experience and approved standing, are invited to make application to us to act as agents for our machine. The Elliptic has some of the best selling points of any machine in the market, and we are willing to pay good men a large commission.

All information, circulars and samples, will be furnished on application to
HOWARD EATON & CO., Gen'l. Agents.
aug9 4w

Hardware, &c

FALLSTON

Foundry & Repair Shop.

Having been Engaged in the Foundry Business for more than thirty years,—during which time I have accumulated a variety of useful patterns, besides constructing models and taking out patents for improvements on

COOKING - STOVES

—and after having thoroughly tested these Improvements, I feel warranted in offering them to the public.

PLOWS,

The GREAT WESTERN has no Superior for this Locality.

STOVES:

Stoves of Different Styles for Heating and Cooking.

The Great Republic Cooking Stove

Has the best Record of any Stove ever offered in this market.

IT TAKES LESS FUEL,

LESS ROOM TO DO MORE WORK,

BEST BAKER,

MOST DURABLE

ALTOGETHER

THE BEST STOVE IN USE.

In connection with the stove I have got up a Patent

EXTENSION TOP,

which occupies little room, no additional fuel, and is not liable to wear out, dispenses with all pipe, can be put on or taken off at any time, and made to suit all stoves of any size or pattern.

Five Hundred Persons

Who have purchased and used the

GREAT REPUBLIC COOKING STOVE,

Most of whose names have been published in the Argus, are confidently referred to, to bear witness of its superior merits as a cooking stove.

Having three first class engines on hand, of about fifteen horse power capacity, they are offered to the public at reasonable rates.
JOHN THORNILEY.
apr20-tf.

NEW MAP
OF
BEAVER COUNTY.

AZARIAH WYNN is getting up a Map of Beaver County, Pa., in First-Class Style showing the location and connections of the Original Surveys, of Depreciation, Population, Reserved, College and Academy Lands, and Local Warrants, Streams, Roads, Townships, Schoolhouses, with many of the residents, coal-fields and mines with such other data as will help to make said map desirable. The whole map, including a map of Beaver River Valley, will be about five feet square, canvassed and mounted.

Maps will be ready for delivery in about six months. jy12-tf

CLOTHING STORE.

NEW GOODS!

SUMMER STOCK.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened

A New Stock of Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES FOR

Summer Wear.

He keeps the best of workmen in his employ, and feels confident of his ability to cut and make up garments both

FASHIONABLE & DURABLE.

and in such a manner as will please his customers.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Call and see us before leaving your Orders Elsewhere

WILLIAM REICH, Jr.
may4:70;1y Bridgewater, Pa

Miscellaneous.

THE OLD ORIGINAL

BOTTLING HOUSE.

H. W. BUFFUM & CO.
22 and 24 Market Street,

PITTSBURG, PA.

Established in 1844, by H. W. Buffum.

This oldest and largest Bottling House west of the mountains, has made extensive preparations for supplying their friends and the public with their celebrated

Mineral Waters, Ales, Porter, &c., &c.

For the Spring Trade, at the following prices:

Sarsaparilla	$ 37½ per doz.
Mineral Water	37½ "
Raspberry "	37½ "
Champagne Cider	37½ "
Porter	60 "
Ale, small bottles	60 "
" Kennet	1 25 "
" Winterton	1 25 "
Syrups	3 00 "
Imported London Porter and bottles	3 00 "
Imported Scotch Ales and bottles	3 00 "
Crab Cider	83 per gallon.
Syrups	2 00 "

Bottles 75 cents per doz. extra. Money refunded when returned.

Goods delivered free, and freight paid to rail road stations and steamboat landings. 6-22:1y

CITY BOTTLING HOUSE,

No. 39 Market Street,

PITTSBTRGH, PA.

J. C. Buffum & Co.

BOTTLERS OF

Sarsaparilla, Mineral and Raspberry Soda Waters, Syrups and Cider, Smith's Kennett, Wainwrights, and all the best brands of Ale and London Porter, selected and bond bottled for Medical and Family use. Goods delivered free. [mr8;'71:1y

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.—Spring Water Ales, SMITH & CO., Brewers, Malters and Hop dealers, No. 465 Rebecca street, Allegheny, Pa. THOS. BOOTA.
R. A. YOUNG.
Highest cash price paid for Barley. jy5:1y

G. S. BARKER. F. A. BARKER. C. A. BARKER.

G. S. BARKER & Co., *New Brighton, Pa,*
AND
G. S. BARKER & Co., *Beaver Falls, Pa.*

BANKERS,

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c., &c.—Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Individuals, solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposites. Correspondence will receive prompt attention. [dec21:1y

GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE!

PATENTED DECEMBER 7TH, 1869.

OUR CELEBRATED

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.

Recognized by all who have used it to be the best Pen made or sold in this country. Will not corrode. Sixty lines written with one pen of ordinary ink. Will write with fine, coarse or medium nibs. Put up in neat nibs boxes. SOLD ONLY BY THE Company. We warrant any unexceptionable person can realize $200 monthly. Send for circular. Sample pen, 10 cents; two pens, 50 cents; five pens, $1.00; twelve pens, $2.00. Address,

WESTERN PUBLISHING CO.
Manufacturers' Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED. AGENTS WANTED.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of these Pens has led to many imitations of an inferior quality. Buy only the genuine FOUNTAIN PEN, which is sold by the Company. In writing for Pens give your Name, Town, County, and State, plainly written, and orders will meet with prompt attention. jan25:1y

BANKING-HOUSE.
THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

THOS. M'CREERY, *Cashier.*
J. F. DRAVO, J. B. ANGIER,
J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

Reduced Prices!

Speyerer & Sons

Have just Returned from the East

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Bought at the

Lowest Cash Prices,

And will sell some Goods

AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR!

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rope, Oakum, Packing Yarn, Iron, Nails, Paints, White Lead, Oil, Putty, Queensware, Willow-ware, Flour, Feed, Grain and Bacon, a variety of Prints, Muslins, Tickings, Delains, Checks, Alpacas, Jeans, Dimms, Crash and Hosiery; also, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Carbon Oil, 200 *bbls. of the Celebrated Canton City* AND NEW CREEK FLOUR,

Just arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail,

At Pittsburg Prices.

200 Kegs Wheeling Nails:

ONE CAR WHITE LIME.

Land Plaster, and Akron Cement;

A Large Stock of

White Lead and Paints.

A very superior quality of Strumz & Welzel's Soaps; and a lot of Carbon Oil

Just Arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail.

ALSO, PURE CATAWBA, ISABELLA

—and—

Concord Wines,

Of our own vintage, for Medicinal and Sacramental Purposes, are highly Recommended by those who have used them.

They are also Agents for the

KNIFFEN MOWER AND REAPER,

And Pitt Nat. Plow Co's. Plows.

Thanking the Public for their past patronage, we hope to merit a liberal share in the future.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

You can rely on all goods being fresh, as all our old goods were sold at auction.

SPEYERER & SONS,
apr13;tc

BAKERY
AND
CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT.

The undersigned having bought out the Bakery and Confectionery establishment of J. C. Hays, near the Post office, in Rochester, Pa., would respectfully inform the public that he will

Keep the best quality of Ice-Creams,

which he serves in every style; also will supply them by the can at reasonable prices. Those in want of them should give him an early call.

His Confectionery department is well stocked; and parties, weddings, &c., will be supplied with everything needed on short notice and in the best of style.

Families furnished with fresh bread as often as desired. GEORGE FREDERICK.
may11:1y

New Advertisements.

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

Mattings, &c., &c.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Henry McCallum,

(Late McCallum Bro.'s,)

51 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

I have facilities for supplying

RETAIL DEALERS

Equal to any Eastern Jobbing House,

Henry McCallum.
apr12:1y.

S. C. COYLE,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER

AND JEWELER,

On Third Street, Beaver, Pa. (nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store)

All Orders promptly attended to.

American Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, Plated Ware, Spectacles, &c., always on hand. apr12:tf.

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Merchant Tailors & Clothiers,

S. & J. Snellenburg,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON.

Sep14;oct26;mr29chd1y

CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
WINDOW - SHADES,
STAIR RODS, &C.

A full and well selected stock of,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

☞ A Liberal Reduction made to Ministers and on Church Carpets.

BOYARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Avenue.
mar8, 71—1y] PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTED.—T. J. & R. J. CHANDLER have purchased the exclusive right of Beaver county to use Dr. Stuck's Patent by which they can put up Vulcanite as thin as Gold Plate, with a beautiful enameled polish; and so light and elastic as to perfectly adapt itself to the mouth; obviating all that clumsy and bulky condition, so much complained of heretofore; and lessening their liability to break 100 per cent. Indeed, no one seeing it would be willing to wear the old style plate any longer than they could conveniently get them exchanged. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most substantial manner. In filling teeth with gold, etc., we challenge competition from any quarter, and can refer to living subjects whose fillings have stood between thirty and forty years. Among the number Hon. John Allison will exhibit fillings we inserted some 35 years ago; the teeth as perfect as the day they were filled. Laughing Gas prepared on a new plan, freeing it from all unpleasant and dangerous effects, making the extraction of teeth a source of pleasure rather than of horror and pain. Prices as low as any good dentist in the State. Office at Beaver Station, Rochester Pa.
nov24tf T. J. & R. J. CHANDLER.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

LANE BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO B. WOLF JR. & CO.,
Corner of Liberty and Sixth Streets,
(Late St. Clair Street,)
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Importers and Dealers in

HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY,

Have now in Store the Largest and Best Selected Stock offered in the City.

☞ Special Inducements offered to the country trade. apr5:6m

S. J. Cross & Co.'s Column.

S. J. Cross & Co.,

ROCHESTER,

HAVE A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

General Merchandise,

PURCHASED FROM FIRST HAND,

And for sale at a small advance on cost,

IN THIS COLUMN,

We propose to call the attention of the trade,

ESPECIALLY TO OUR EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

Building Hardware,

HOUSE-KEEPERS' HARDWARE,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

FARMERS' TOOLS,

NAILS,

Window Glass,

PAINTS, OILS,

PUTTY, &c.

Some of the leading articles of

Building Hardware, Are:

Butts of every size—cast and wrought;

RIM, MORTIS